A GLOSSARY

OF

PHILOSOPHICAL TERMS

(SAMSKRT - ENGLISH)

(Embracing all systems of Indian Philosophy)

BY

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Tirupati



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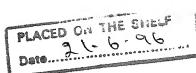
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AT THE LOTUS-FEET

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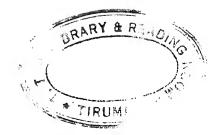
IS LAID

THIS GARLAND OF WORDS

OF

ETERNAL WISDOM

श्रियःपतिपदांम्मोजे बृह्मज्ञांनपथाश्रया । मालेयं पदपुष्पाणां राङ्करेण समप्येते ॥



PREFACE

A GLOSSARY OF PHILOSOPHICAL TERMS. as this small book is named, is meant to be a concise lexicon of Sanskrit terms with equivalent English expressions. The Glossary embraces all systems of Indian Philosophy, Sankhya, Yoga, Nyāya, Vaiśesika, Mimānisă, Vedānta, Bauddha, Jaina, and Pāncarātra, with their glossatory ramifications. To suit the various senses in which a single Sanskrit term is used in different contexts or treatises, varying English words are mentioned; this will enable a choice of words to interpreters at their need. When a term is predominant or classical in any one system of Philosophy, that is denoted apart by a single abbreviating alphabet, such as, (n) for Nyāya, and (y) for Yoga. Nine abbreviations are printed at the commencement of the Glossarv. In many cases where any technical term has been considered significant, pervasive or important, definitions (Laksanas) have been extracted from treatises in the footnotes. I am indebted to the several learned translators, Indian and Foreign, for some of these equivalents and they have also been used with suitable alterations and adaptations whenever necessary. It is hoped that these English equivalents may, as time passes, become recognised and standardised as Anglo-Indian philosophical terms, just as in the field of Physical Sciences and Politics words have been coined and expressions have been devised to render foreign terms into Indian languages. The purpose of these pages is to add a facility to the work of the translator-a translator's task is hardly enviable—and if that purpose is in any manner achieved, I shall deem it a temporal gratification; and all apart, this is my humble homage to the great Sages who were the original Seers of these philosophical concepts and worshipful Idols of Indian spiritual celebrity, and my humble adoration to Śrī Venkaṭeśvara, in whose Oriental Institute I have learnt the little that gave the incentive to this idea.

My thanks are due to Sarasvatihṛdayālankāra, Śāradāvilāsa, etc., M. Krishnamachariar, M.A., M.L., Ph.D., M.R.A.S., the Director of the Institute, for his guidance and to Mr. N. Aiyaswami Sastri for helping me in revising the manuscript and in passing it through the Press.

August 1941

C. V. SHANKAR RAU

A GLOSSARY OF PHILOSOPHICAL TERMS

ABBREVIATIONS

S	Sankhya	m	Mimāinsā
y	Yoga	v	Vedānta
n	Nyāya	b	Bauddha
γs	Vaiśeṣika	j	Jaina

p Pāncarātra

A GLOSSARY OF INDIAN PHILOSOPHICAL TERMS

अ

স a, Viṣṇu, a prefix-particle having negative sense.

अंश amśa, part, particle, component. – ६त bhūta forming part of.

अंशांश amśāmśa, part of a portion (of a deity), secondary incarnation.

अंशिन् amsin, whole, having a share or parts.

अकनिष्ठ akaniṣṭha, (b) a kind of heaven.

अकल्पन akalpana, indeterminate, free from pride.

अकर्तृ akartṛ, (s) not an agent.

अकृतिभ्यागम akṛṭābhyāgama, unwarranted rise of the fruit of action which was not performed.

अकेवलत्व akevalatva, manifoldness.

अक्रमोत्पत्ति akramotpatti, simultaneous birth, orderless birth.

স্থানাৰ akṣapāda, name of the sage Gotama, author of the Nyāyasūtras.

अक्षयनीवी akṣayanīvī, a permanent endowment.

সাধ্য akṣara, imperishable, immortal, undecaying.

अख्णड akhanda, undivided, whole, not fragmentary. — काल kāla time without division, unrelated time. — देश deśa undivided space. — बोध bodha undivided knowledge, massive understanding. — अकारवृत्ति ākāravṛtti, (v) becoming one with the nature of the Supreme Being. — उपाधि upādhi, (n) an indescribable quality.

अल्याति akhyāti, non-discrimination between cognition and memory.

आोचर agocara, anything that is beyond cognizance of the senses; e.g., Brahman.

अप्र agra, foremost, first, chief.

अषितिषदना aghatitaghatanā, accomplishment of the unaccomplished.

সঙ্গ anga, part, component, body, subordinate division of a science as six Vedāngas; (j) name of the chief sacred texts of the Jainas; (b) name of the each member of the 12 causal links of Dependent Origination.

अचल acala, immovable.

अचित् acit, non-spirit, matter, material, devoid of understanding.

अचिन्त्य acintya, incomprehensible, inconceivable.

अचेतन acetana, non-conscious, non-self, inanimate, irrational, insensible.

अच्छेद्य acchedya, indivisible.

अजहस्रक्षणा ajahallakṣaṇā, one of the functions of words indicating the secondary sense without abandoning the primary one.

अजातवाद ajātavāda, (b) theory of non-origin of the universe.

अजीव ajīva, lifeless; (j) one of the 9 tattvas.

अज्ञ ajña, ignorant. – त्व – tva, ignorance.

স্ক্রান ajñāna, non-cognizance, ignorance, Māyā, illusion, Prakṛti.

अणिमन् animan, (s) atomisation, minuteness, fineness.

अणिष्ठ anistha, most minute.

अणीयस् aṇīyas, more minute than usual.

अणु anu, minute, what is subtle, atom. - त्व - tva, atomicity, enbtlety, minuteness, smallness. - परिमाण - parimāṇa, atomic

size. – नत – vrata, (j) name of the 12 small duties of the lay men adhering to Jaina faith.

স্বান্ত্য atajjña, not knowing that, (i.e.) Brahman and soul's identity.

अतथ्य atathya, untrue.

अतप atapa, (b) a class of deities among Buddhists.

अतिदेव atideva, surpassing the gods.

अतिदेश 'atideśa, analogy; (m) indirect method of teaching.
– वाक्य – vākya, assimilative proposition.

अतिपत्ति atipatti, passing beyond, lapse.

अतिप्रसङ्ग atiprasanga, unwarranted discussion.

अतिमाल atimatra, much, exceeding the proper measure.

अतिर्थ atiratha, great warrior (fighting from a car).

अतिरात atiratra, one of the seven somayagas.

अतिरेक atirēka, surplus, excess.

अतिवर्णाश्रमिन् ativarṇāśramin, a yogin who has risen above all āśramas and dwell always within himself.

अतिन्यासि ativyāpti, (n) being too wide, redundance, overapplicability, unwarranted extension of a definition (a fault of a definition).

সনিহায atisaya, peculiarity, superiority, some quality produced by some performance; (j) one of the superhuman qualities attributed to Jain Arhats.

अतिशून्य atiśūnya, transcending the void, devoid of attributes. अतीत atīta, past existence.

 भन्यधर्मस्य अन्यतारोपणमितदेशः । स च पश्चिविधः, शास्त्रकार्यनिभित्तव्यपदेश-रूपभेदात् ।

It is well explained in the following verse from the standpoint of the Mīmāmsakas:

प्रकृतात्कर्मणो यस्मात्तत्समानेषु कर्मसु । धर्मोऽतिदिश्यते येन अतिदेशः स उच्यते ॥ अतीन्द्रिय atindriya, beyond sense perception.

अत्यग्निष्टोम atyagnistoma, second of the modification of jyotistoma sacrifice.

अत्यन्ताभाव atyantābhāva, absolute (complete) non-existence.

अत्याधान atyādhāna, act of improving or placing upon.

अत्याहित atyāhita, extreme fear or danger.

अत्रप atrapa, destitute of shame.

अदम्भ adambha, free from deceit.

अदृष्ट adṛṣṭa, influence, fate, destiny.

अद्यतन adyatana, referring to today, the period of current day.

अद्भव्य adravya, non-matter.

अद्भय advaya, without a second, unique, non-duality.

अद्वितीय advitīya, without a second.

अद्वेष adveșa, amity, want of aversion.

সম্ভ্রীন advaita, non-dual, monistic, absolute monism. – বাৰ – vāda, monism of Śankara, doctrine of absolute monism of Śankara.

अधर्म adharma, demerit, wrong or sinful action. – अत्तिकाय – astikāya, (j) category of adharma.

अधार्मिक adhārmika, unrighteous, unjust.

अधिकरण ¹adhikaraṇa, set of arguments, container, substratum.

अधिकार adhikāra, authority, chapter.

अधिकारिन् adhikārin, one who is qualified for a particular work, rightful person.

अधिगम adhigama, to study or read, to go up to, approach.

अधिदेव adhideva, presiding deity or god.

विषयो विशयश्चेत्र पूर्वपक्षस्तथोत्तरम् ।
 निर्णयश्चेत्र पञ्चाङ्गं शास्त्वेऽधिकरणं स्मृतम् ॥

अधिपति adhipati, lord, head or chief. – प्रस्प – pratyaya, (b) one of the four causes.

अधिभूत adhibhūta, objective world, the whole inanimate creation, supreme spirit.

अधिलोक adhiloka, on the universe.

अधिवासित adhivāsita, endowed with disposition.

अधिश्रयण adhisrayana, act or ceremony of placing over fire.

अधिषवण adhiṣavaṇa, hand press used for extracting and straining the soma juice.

अधिष्ठान adhişthāna, substratum, basis, seat, abode.

अध्ययन adhyayana, Vedic study.

अध्यवसाय adhyavasāya, mental determination, determinative cognition, apprehension.

अध्यात्मन् adhyatman, with reference to individual.

अध्यापन adhyāpana, instruction or lecture.

अध्याय adhyāya, chapter.

अध्यारोप adhyāropa, wrong imputation, allegation, wrong attribution.

अध्यास adhyāsa, substratum, superimposition, act of sitting over, false ascription. – भस्य – pratyaya, repetitional cognition.

अध्याहार adhyāhāra, supply of the required word.

अध्येषण adhyeṣaṇa, asking for instruction.

अध्वन् adhvan, (b) time, road, way.

अध्वर adhvara, sacrifice, not injuring.

अध्वर्य adhvaryu, chief priest in the sacrifice.

अनन्त ananta, boundless, infinite. – ज्ञान – jñāna, (j) infinite knowledge. – दर्शन – darśana, (j) infinite perception. – वीर्य – vīrya, (j) infinite energy. – सुख – sukha infinite bliss.

अनन्तर anantara, immediate.

अनन्यविषयात्मन् ananyaviṣayātman, having the mind fixed upon one object.

अनन्यापोह ananyāpoha, non-exclusion of others.

अन्न्याश्रयत्व ananyāsrayatva, (n) state of being not dependent upon anything else.

अनर्थ anartha, undesired, unwanted.

अनवस्था anavasthā, infinite regress, absence of finality, endlessness, unsettledness.

अनागत anāgata, (b) future, not yet come into existence.

अनागामिन् anāgāmin, (b) non-returner.

अनागार anāgāra, houseless, vagrant ascetic

अनादि anādi, beginningless, immemorial.

अनात्मन् anātmam, non-soul, non-self, nescience, corporeal.

अनारभ्यवाद anārabhyavāda, (m) detached statement about the sacrifice.

अनारभ्याधीत anārabhyādhīta, (m) prescribed as detached subject.

সনাहत anāhata, (y) ten kinds of sounds that emerge from the middle of the twelve-petalled lotus or cakra of the heart in Tantraśastra.

अनित्य anitya, impermanent, non-eternal. – त्व – tva, impermanence.

अनिर्वचनीयस्याति anirvacanīyakhyāti, (b) indefinable apprehemsion, appearance of an indescribable substance.

अनिर्वाच्य anirvācya, indescribable.

अनिष्ट aniṣṭa, undesirable.

अनुकूल anukūla, favourable.

अनुम्रह anugraha, grace.

अनुज्ञा anujñā, consent, permission.

अनुत्पत्ति anutpatti, non-generation.

अनुदात्त anudātta, low tone, one of the three main accents in Vedas.

अनुद्भृत anudbhūta, unperceivable, unmanifested.

अनुपपत्ति anupapatti, inconclusive reasoning, failure of reasoning.

अनुपल्लिष anupalabdhi, (n) non-cognition, non-perception; (m) one of the instruments of knowledge.

अनुपलम्भ anupalambha, non-apprehension.

अनुपसंहारिन् 'anupasamhārin, non-conclusive reason, a kind of fallacy.

अनुपूर्व anupūrva, regular, successive order.

अनुबन्ध anubandha, indispensable preliminary factors to any śāstra.

अनुभव anubhava, experience.

अनुमाग anubhāga, (j) one of the four bandhas=rasa.

अनुभाव anubhāva, sign or indication of feeling by look or gesture.

अनुभूत anubhūta, sub-perceptional.

अनुभूति anubhūti, same as Brahman, eternal consciousness or experience.

अनुमन्त्रण anumantrana, consecration by hymns and prayers.

अनुमा anumā, inference for given premises.

अनुमान ²anumāna, inference, instrument of inference.

अनुमिति ³anumiti, inference.

अनुमेय anumeya, inferable.

- 1. सर्वं नित्यं प्रमेयत्वात् । अत्र सर्वस्यैव पक्षत्वात् प्रमेयत्वहेतुः अनुपसंहारी । अन्वय-व्यतिरेकदृष्टान्ताभावात् ।
 - अनुमितिकरणमनुमानम् । तच्च धूमो विद्वव्याप्यः इति व्याधिज्ञानम् ।
 - परामर्शजन्यं ज्ञानमनुमितिः !

अनुयोगिन् anuyogin, correlated substratum.

अनुलोमन् anuloman, natural order.

अनुवाद anuvāda, repetition of what is already prescribed.

अनुवृत्ति anuvṛtti, following, continuity.

अनुराय anuśaya, kleśa, defilement, repentence.

ধনুগদ্ধ anuṣanga, application of words used in a previous sentence, connection of word with word or effect with cause.

अनुष्ठान anusthāna, pursuit, observance.

अनुसन्धान anusandhāna, (vs) fourth step in syllogism.

अनुसमय anusamaya, regular connection (as of words).

अनृत *anṛta*, false.

अनेकान्तवाद anekāntavāda, scepticism.

अनेकान्तवादिन् anekāntavādin, sceptic, a Jaina, Arhat of Jaina.

अनेकाश्रित anekāśrita, (vs) dwelling in more than one.

अनैकान्तिक ¹anaikāntika, uncertain, inconclusive, indecisive, unsteady one of the five divisions of hetvābhāsa (fallacy).

अन्त anta, (b) extremity.

अन्तरङ्ग antaranga, inward, mind, intimate, interior, proximate.

अन्तराभव antarābhava, (b) existence between death and rebirth.

अन्तरिन्द्रिय antarindriya, (v) internal organ. मनस्, चित्त, बुद्धि, अहङ्कार.

अन्तरिक्ष antarikṣa, firmament, sky.

अन्तज्योतिस् antarjyotis, inner life or spirit of light, enlightened inwardly.

अन्तर्धान antardhana, disappearance.

अन्तध्यीन antardhyana, internally meditation.

1. It is of three varieties: Sādhāraņa, asādhāraņa and anupasam hārin

अन्तर्यामिन् antaryāmin, Inner Being, pervader or ruler.

अन्त्यविशेष antyaviśeṣa, ultimate particularity.

अन्यतमस andhatamasa, blinding darkness, a kind of hell, a kind of nescience.

अन anna, food.

अन्यतम anyatama, one of many.

अन्यतर anyatara, one of the two.

अन्यथास्याति anyathākhyāti, misapprehension, incorrect cognition, erroneous conception of the spirit; (s) assertion that something is not really what it appears to be according to sensual perception.

अन्यथानुपपत्ति anyathānuþaþatti, (n) invariable concomitance, inference from circumstances.

अन्यथासिद्ध anyathāsiddha, proved wrongly; (n) dispensable antecedent, accidental or remote circumstance which is not the true cause.

अन्यथोपपत्ति anyathopapatti, otherwise reasoning.

अन्यापोह anyāpoha, exclusion or negation of others.

अन्योन्याध्यास ¹anyonyādhyāsa, reciprocal attribution of identity.

अन्योन्याभाव ²anyonyābhāva, mutual non-existence; (**n**) reciprocal negation of identity.

अन्योन्याश्रय anyonyāsraya, (n) mutual dependence or support, reciprocal relation of cause and effect.

স্থান্থ anvaya, affirmative premise; (n) inherence, natural order of words in a sentence, connection. – হঘান – dṛṣṭānta; (n) affirmative example. – ন্যানিংক – vyatireka, positive and negative proposition. – ন্যানি – vyāpti, (n) positive or affirmative

- जळव्योम्ना घटाकाशो यथा सर्विस्तिरोहितः । तथा जीवे च क्टस्थः सोऽन्योन्याध्यास उच्यते ॥
- 2. तादात्म्यसम्बन्धाविच्छन्नप्रतियोगिकाभावोऽन्यान्याभावः । यथा घटः पटो न भव्रति ।

concomitance. – सहचार $sahac\bar{a}ra$, (n) sequence of positive factors.

अन्ववसर्ग anvavasarga, permission to do as one likes.

अन्वागत anvāgata, connected.

अन्वाचय anvācaya, connecting of a secondary action with main action.

अन्यादेश anvādesa, subsequent or repeated mention, referring to what has been previously stated.

अन्वारम्भणीया anvārambhaṇīyā, initiative ceremony.

अन्वाहार्यपचन anvāhāryapacana, southern sacrificial fire.

अपकर्ष apakarṣa, subtraction, diminution. – सम – sama, sophism in Nyāya.

अपदेश apadeśa, second step in a syllogism (statement of the reason.)

अप्र apara, posterior, lower, next, less comprehensive. — त्व — tva, posteriority, proximity. — हेंड — saila, a sub-school of Buddhism. — सामान्य — sāmānya, inferior generality.

अपराङ्ग aparānga, posterior constituent.

अपरिच्छिन्न aparicchinna, uncircumscribed, undefined.

अपरोक्ष aparokṣa, visible.

अपनर्ग apavarga, ultimate goal, final emancipation, liberation.

अपवाद ¹apavāda, exception, rescission.

अपविद्या apavidyā, evil science.

अपसिद्धान्त apasiddhānta, false conclusion opposed to orthodox teaching or settled dogma.

अपान ²apāna, out-breath, air exhaled.

अपाय apāya, annihilation, losing; (b) place of punishment

- 1. मा हिंस्यात् सर्वा भूतानि इत्युत्सर्गः । वायव्यं श्वेतमालभेत इत्यपवादः ।
- 2. अवाग्गमनवान् पाच्वादिस्थानवर्तीं वायुः ।

zpārtha, useless.

rpūrva, (m) transcendental result, subtle influence, uneen force, unprecedent. — विधि — vidhi, (m) injunction what is entirely unknown.

apeksā, dependence. – बुद्धि – buddhi, enumerative cognion, mental process of arranging and methodising.

thoha, negation, exclusion, negation of what is possible, ifferentiation.

I apaurușeya, not man-made, superhuman.

ते apratipatti, incomprehension.

त apratisthita, unstable.

ल्यानिरोध apratisankhyānirodha, (b) unplanned destrucon.

apratyakşa, imperceptible.

apramāṇa, untrustworthy, unauthorised, immeasurable.

aprasiddha, unknown.

aprākṛta, non-natural, super-natural, transcendental.

তি aprāptakāla, (n) inconsequential, inopportune, ill-med.

य aprāmānya, invalidity, baselessness.

abrahman, non-self; (v) Māyā and its products.

tbhāva, non-existence, nullity, negation, antithesis. জান্য – *āvaraṇa*, veil of non-existence.

A abhigamana, morning observance.

abhighāta, (s) inflection of injury, striking, attack.

abhicāra, magical formula for working a charm, empyment of magical spells for malevolent purposes such as lling of enemy, incantation.

i abhijalpa, address, conversation.

अभिज्ञा abhijñā, knowledge, intuition, supernatural faculty of the Buddha.

अभिधर्म abhidharma, (b) Buddhist metaphysics.

अभिधा ¹abhidhā, express or principal meaning of a word.

अभिधेय abhidheya, nameable or denotable thing. – रव – tva, nameability.

अभिध्यान abhidhyāna, meditation, same as cintanā, desire.

अभिनिवेश ²abhiniveśa, attachment, yearning; (y) ignorance causing fear of death, a kind of kleśa.

अभिप्राय abhiprāya, verdict, opinion, purpose, intention.

अभिभव abhibhava, suppression, prevailing predominance.

अभिभा abhibhā, phenomenon, apparition.

अभिभाविन् abhibhāvin, overwhelming, overpowering.

अभिमान abhimāna, egotistic feeling, attachment, love.

अभियुक्त abhiyukta, adept, revered personage.

अभिरति abhirati, (b) name of a world.

अभिन्यक्त abhivyakta, manifest.

अभिषव abhiṣava, pressing, drinking soma juice.

अभिसंस्कार abhisamskāra, (b) action.

अभेद abheda, non-difference, identity.

अभ्यास abhyāsa, repetition, practice, repeated meditation; (m) one of six pramāṇas for karmabheda.

अभ्युद्य abhyudaya, prosperity.

अभ्युपाम abhyupagama, hypothetical assumption or admission, supposition. – सिद्धान्त– siddhānta, admitted axiom.

- 1. (n) शब्दशक्तिः । स मुख्योऽर्थः तत्र मुख्यो व्यापारोऽस्याभिर्धायते । (m) विधि-समवेतवधिव्यापारोभृतपदार्थः ।
 - 2. See Yogasutra, I, 24.

अमुक्त amukta, non-liberation, bondage.

अमूर्त amūrta, not-limited-in-existence, incorporeal (substance).

अमृत *amṛta*, ambrosia, immortal, residue of sacrifice. – त्व – tva, final bliss, deathless stage.

अमोह amoha, freedom from delusion.

अयथार्थ ayathārtha, erroneous. – अनुभव – anubhava, erroneous experience.

अयन ayana, way, final absolution, sixth part of the year.

अयस्कान्त ayaskānta, magnet.

अयुक्त ayukta, unsuitable, nugatory.

अयुतसिद्ध ayutasiddha, inseparable.

अयोगन्यावृत्ति ayogavyāvṛṭṭi, removing the non-existence of something.

সহ্ম arūpa, not true, formless, unmanifest. – রান – jñāna, formless trance. – ন্টান – loka, immaterial world. – যো – rāga, (b) desire for relish in the world of non-matter.

अर्थ artha, object, purpose, wealth, context, substance. – कर्मन् — karman, (m) main act opposed to guṇakarman. – नाद! – vāda, explanatory or laudatory passage, exegesis. – अध्यास – adhyāsa, super imposition of objects. – आपात्ते² – āpatti, circumstantial inference, implication, postulation, presumption; (m) deduction of a matter from that could not else "be."

अर्थान्तर arthantara, different meaning, irrelevancy.

अलातचक alātacakra, whirling, fire-brand.

1. स्तुतिनिन्दापरकृतिपुराकल्प इत्यर्थवादः, Gautamasutra. अकरणप्रतिपाद्यस्य तत्र तत्र प्रशंसनमर्थवादः ।

'This is of three kinds according to Laugaksi: गुणवादो विरोधे स्यात् अनुः वादोऽवधारिते । भूतार्थवादस्तद्धानादर्थवादस्तिधा मतः ॥

2. One of the pramanas according to Mimamsakas.

अलिङ्ग alinga, unresoluble primary matter.

अलोभ alobha, disinterestedness.

अलौकिक alaukika, extra normal.

अवकाश avakāśa, free space, place, opportunity.

अवसेपण avaksepana, throwing down.

अवचर avacara, (b) region (three), plane of existence.

अवच्छिन्न avacchinna, delimited.

अवच्छेदक avacchedaka, delimiting. – ताबाद – tāvāda, delimitation theory.

अवच्छेद्य avacchedya, delimitable.

अवतार avatāra, descent, incarnation, manifestation, introduction.

अवदान avadāna, (m) setting apart for the purpose of sacrifice; (b) glorious act.

अवधान avadhāna, attention, care.

अवधारण avadhārana, assertion.

अविष avadhi, limit.

अवनी avanī, earth.

अवभास avabhāsa, appearance.

अवयव avayava, limb, member, member of a syllogism, component part.

अवयविन् avayavin, composite structure or product, whole.

अवर avara, end, limit, lower.

अवरोध avarodha, (y) suspension of breath.

अव्लम्बन avalambana, basis or hold.

अवस्था avasthā, state, condition.

अवान्तरप्रकरण avāntaraprakaraņa — अङ्गभावनात्रकरण angabhāvanāprakaraņa. अवान्तरप्रख्य avāntarapraļaya, minor dissolution.

अविकल avikala, uninjured, unmutilated, not separated.

अविकल्प avikalpa, indefinite (first) impression, devoid of constructive thought.

अविगीत avigita, not contradictory to Vedic tradition.

अविघात avighāta, non-obstruction.

अविद्या 'avidyā, wrong knowledge, ignorance, nescience, folly, illusion, undifferentiated consciousness; (y) a kind of kleśa.

अविनाभाव avinābhāva, invariable relation.

अविनाशिन् avināsin, what is undecaying, real existence.

স্ত্ৰিমৃত্যাহা avipranāsa, a dharma postulated by some school of Buddhists as being produced after every action performed.

अविभाग avibhāga, undivided.

अविरोध avirodha, non-inconsistent, non-contradiction.

अविवेक aviveka, non-discrimination, foolishness.

अविशिष्ट aviśiṣṭa, undistinguished, unqualified.

अविसंवादिन् avisamvādin, not contradictory.

अन्यक्त avyakta, unmanifested.

अन्यय avyaya, eternal, imperishable, grammatical particle, an indeclinable.

अन्याप्ति ²avyāpti, (n) partial inapplicability, inadequate pervasion of a proposition.

अन्याप्यवृत्ति ³avyāpyavṛtti, (vs) partial inherence as to the time and space.

अनुसन avyutpanna, illiterate, not formed according to the prescribed rules.

- 1. See Yogasūtra, I, 24. This s used in various senses in the several systems of philosophy.
 - 2. लक्ष्येकदेशे लक्षणस्यासत्त्वमन्याप्तिः।
 - अव्याप्यवृत्तिः क्षणिको विशेषगुण उच्यते ।

अशक्तसूचन aśaktasūcana, (n) not indicating what is possible.

अशक्ति aśakti, inability.

अशनाया asanāyā, hunger.

अशेषभुवनाधार asesabhuvanādhāra, support of the whole world.

अष्टाक्षरी aṣṭākṣarī, the 8 syllabled mantra. See द्रय.

असंस्कृत asamskṛta, uncompounded (element), uncomposite element.

असंक्रान्ति asamkrānti, absence of translocation.

असंङ्गीर्ण asankīrņa, unmixed.

असंख्याति asankhyāti, (b) non-being's apprehension.

असङ्गत asangata, inconsistent.

असंज्ञिता asañjñitā, unconsciousness.

असंज्ञिसमापत्ति asañjñisamāpatti, (b) ecstacy with loss of consciousness.

असत् asat, non-being, non-real, non-existence.

असत्तावाद asattāvāda, (v) doctrine of non-existence.

असपक्ष asapakṣa, (n) same as vipakṣa, not similar to the minor term.

असमवायिकारण ¹asamavāyikāraṇa, (n) non-inherent or accidental.

असम्भव asambhava, impossible to happen.

असम्भावना asambhāvanā, absence of right understanding, doubt.

असाधारण asādhāraṇa, not common, special. — धर्म — dharma specific feature.

असिद्ध ²asiddha, (**n**) untrue, unproved, un-established, conclusion or reason unproved.

असिद्धि asiddhi, (n) not achieving what is promised.

- गुणकर्ममात्रवृत्ति क्लेयमथाप्यसमवायिहेतुत्वम् । यथा तन्तुयोगः पटस्य ।
- 2. This is of three kinds: āśrayāsiddha, svarūpāsiddha and vyāp-

अस्तिकाय astikāya, (j) category. There are five such categories: jīva, pudgala, dharma, adharma, ākāśa.

अस्तेय asteya, not committing theft.

अस्त्र astra, divine weapon.

अस्मिता 'asmitā, (y) non-perception of the difference between the self and intellect, a kind of kleśa. – माल – mātra, (y) a kind of samādhi.

अहम् aham, myself, I, ego, I-sense.

अहङ्कार ahankāra, I-conciousness, egoism, I-principle, personality substance.

अहन्ता ahantā, I-ness, one of the 25 elements in Sānkhya philosophy.

अहंप्रत्यय ahampratyaya,, notion of ego.

अहिंसा ahimsā, non-violence.

अहीन ahīna, sacrifice lasting several days.

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आकरज ākaraja, mine-born.

आकस्मिक ākasmika, per chance, providential.

आकाङ्क्षा ākānkṣā, expectancy, question.

সাকাৰ ākāra, form, configuration, character, figure.

आकाश ākāśa, ether, sky, void space.

आकिञ्चन्यायतन ākiñcanyāyatana, (b) plane of nothingness.

आकृति ākṛti, form, configuration general and distinct form of the material object (avayavasamsthānavišeṣa).

পাকুল্লন ākuñcana, contraction, bending forward.

आकृत ākūta, impulsion, idea, intention.

সাম্ব ākṣa, pertaining to the senses, perceptional.

आक्षेप ākṣeþa, objection.

1. ह्य्दर्शनशत्त्रवारेकात्मतैवास्मिता | Yogasutra, I, 24.

आख्यायिका ākhyāyikā, illustrative tale.

आगम āgama, verbal testimony, treatise, science.

आगमापायिन् agamāpāyin, transient.

आग्नीत्र āgnīdhra, one of the 16 priests in the soma sacrifice.

आचमन ācamana, sipping the water in a prescribed manner from the palm, rinsing the mouth.

आचार ācāra, rules of conduct.

आचार्य ācārya, teacher, instructor, revered.

आतिवाहिक ātivāhika, (s) transporting body.

आत्मन् ātman, soul, ego, self. — रुयाति — khyāti, (b) self-apprehension. — तत्त्व — tattva, real quality of the soul. (आत्म) भाव — bhāva, one's own body. — भावानियातना — bhāvaniryātanā, self-surrender. — विद्या — vidyā, knowledge of the soul. —साझात्कार sākṣātkāra, self-realisation. — हाविस् — havis, self offered as havis. — आश्रय — āśraya, self-dependence.

आत्मीमाव ātmībhāva, becoming one with self.

आत्यन्तिक ātyantika, complete, entire, final, ultimate.

आद्रप्रत्यय विdarapratyaya, regardful cognition.

आदि ādi, origin, beginning. – कर्मिक – karmika, (b) novice. – शक्ति – śakti, primeval power or energy or force.

आदीनव adinava, (b) defect, disadvantage.

आदेश ādeśa, substitute in grammar, teaching, order, mandate, precept.

आधार् ādhāra, substratum, container, receptacle.

आधिदैविक ādhidaivika, pertaining to gods; (s) caused by divine agencies, proceeding from the elements.

आधिभौतिक ādhibhautika, elementary; (8) caused by animate beings.

आधेय ādheya, what is contained, sustained, supported.

आनन्द ananda, bliss, joy, pleasure.

आनुपूर्वी anupurvi, order.

आनुमानिक anumanika, inferential.

आनुश्रविक ānuśravika, (s) known through Veda.

आनुषिक्तक ānuṣaṅgika, following as necessary result.

आपस् āpas, water.

आप्त āpta, reliable person, truth-teller. – वचन – vacana, the word of a reliable person.

आभास ābhāsa, reflection, semblance. – बाद – vāda, semblance theory.

आभोग ābhoga, immediate or direct experience.

आम्नाय āmnāya, tradition, scripture.

आयतन āyatana (b) sensory receptacle (12), base of mental action.

आयुस् āyus, vitality, age.

आयोजन ayojana, concretive activity.

आर āra, good, awe.

জাংশ $\bar{a}rambha$, (m) beginning activity. – নার – $v\bar{a}da$, (n) creationistic theory of causation.

आरादुपकारिन् aradupakarin, (m) a kind of auxiliary.

आरोप āropa, hypothetical attribution.

आरोपित āropita, imposed, assumed.

आर्जन ārjava, rectitude.

आहेत ārhata, Jaina, follower of Arhat.

आलम्बन ālambana, support (cause).

आरुयविज्ञान ālayavijñāna, (b) origination or receptacle intellect. consciousness, store-house of intellectual impressions.

आरोचन ālocana, thinking, sense-process, bare awareness.

সান্তীবনাত্মান ālocanājñāna, (m) subjective ideation.

आवरण avarana, barrier, covering, concealment, enclosure.

आवर्जन āvarjana, concentration.

आवृति āvṛti, false notion.

आवेश āveśa, obsession possession.

পাহায āśaya, (y) impression dormant in the mind, latent desires.

आश्रय āsraya, resort, substratum, period of life. – असिद्ध – asiddha, (n) unestablished in respect of abode (pakṣa). – असिद्धि, (n) false substratum, a logical fallacy.

आसत्ति āsatti, juxtaposition.

आसन āsana, (y) a posture of the body in yoga being one of the 8 angas of yoga.

असिव āsava, intoxicant, infection, defilement of desire.

आस्तिक āstika, orthodox, believer in god, believer in the future.

आहरण āharaṇa, grasping.

आहार āhāra, species of cause, aliment.

आहार्य āhārya, to be taken or fetched near or supposed.

आहुति āhuti, pouring a libation into fire.

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ξ Ī, Śiva.

इंच्छ। icchā, desire, volition, will. – হিন – śakti, will power.

इतर itara, other, different.

इतरेतरराून्यता itaretarasunyata, mutual voidness.

इतरेतराश्रयत्व itaretarāsrayatva, mutual dependency.

इतिकर्तन्यता itikartavyatā, (m) action subsidiary to the main.

इदङ्कारास्पदत्व idankārāspadatva, quality of being the seat of thisness, objective perception.

इदन्ता idantā, thing-in-itself, this-ness.

इदम्प्रत्ययता idampratyayatā, dependence.

इन्द्रजाल indrajāla, jugglery, trick, delusion.

इन्द्रिय indriya, sense, sense-organ. – त्व – tva, senseness. – अर्थ-सन्निकर्ष – arthasannikarṣa, relation between sense-organ and object.

इयता iyattā, measure, quantity, extent.

इष्टविघातकृत् iṣṭavighātakṛt, name of a fallacious reason.

इष्टापत्ति iṣṭāpatti, attainment of the objective.

इष्टार्थ istartha, anything desired.

इप्टि isti, sacrifice of butter etc., opposed to the sacrifice of an animal or soma juice.

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 ξ \bar{I} , Laksmi.

ईक्षति ikṣati, seeing.

ईक्षन् ikṣan, seeing, thinking.

ईश्वर iśvara, lord, god, supreme.



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3 U. Brahman.

বৰ্ষ uktha, certain verses forming a sub-division of the śastra, name of the Śāmaveda.

उखा ukhā, a vessel in which fire is put.

उच्छित्ति ucchitti, destruction.

उच्छेद्वाद ucchedavāda, doctrine of destruction.

उत्कर्ष utkarṣa, eminence, superiority, transfer from one place to another. – सम – sama, a kind of fallacy.

उत्कृष्टोपाधिता utkṛṣṭopādhitā, state of having something superior as an indispensable condition.

उत्क्षेपण utkṣepaṇa, stretching upward, lifting up.

उत्तम uttama, superior, high.

ভানা uttara, later; (n) reply, post-division, one of the f ingredients of an adhikaraṇa. – খাঁল – śaila, a sub-sch of Buddhism.

उत्तान uttāna, lying with face upwards.

ত্তব্যতি utpatti, evolution, origination, creation, commen ment, genesis. — দিখি — vidhi, injunction for any act sacrifice anew.

उत्पात utpāta, calamity.

उत्पाद utpāda, origination.

उत्पादक utpādaka, producer.

उत्पाद्य utpādya, produced, producible.

उत्मेक्षा utprekṣā, imagination, fancy.

उत्सर्ग utsarga, general rule.

उदान 'udāna, a kind of vāyu (air); (b) kind of verse.

उदासीन udasina, indifferent, unaffected, quiet.

उदाहरण udāharaṇa, corroboration, instance, example, exemp fication.

उद्देश uddesa, enunciation, enumeration, object, end.

उद्देश्य uddeśya, subject.

उद्घद्ध udbuddha, manifested, awakened.

उद्घोषक udbodhaka, that which causes something to manife stimulating element.

उद्भिद् udbhid, name of a sacrifice.

उद्भिज udbhijja, plants, born of seed.

उद्देग udvega, (y) dissatisfaction.

उपकार upakāra, benefit.

उपक्रम upakrama, beginning, commencement.

उपक्केश upakleśa, (b) secondary kleśa.

1. कण्ठस्थानीय ऊर्ध्वगमनवातुःकमणवायुः।

उपग्रह upagraha, influence.

उपचात upaghāta, demolition, destruction.

उपचारच्छर upacāracchala, figurative casuistry, a kind of fallacious inference.

उपदेश upadeśa, (m) teaching, Vedic text expressing a niyoga or duty.

उपधान upadhāna, imposition.

उपाधि upādhi, peculiarity, attribute, support.

उपनय *upanaya*, subsumptive correlation; (**n**) minor premise, reaffirmation, restatement.

उपनिषद् upanișad, last portion of Vedas, important.

डपन्यास upanyāsa, statement, discourse.

उपगत्ति ¹upapatti, explanation, evidence. – सम – sama, (**n**) a kind of contradiction in which both the contradicting assertions are supposed to be demonstrable.

उपनादुक upapāduka, self-produced.

उपमान ²upamāna, instrument of comparison, simile or parity; (n) analogy.

उपमिति upamiti, assimilative cognition or experience.

उपयोग upayoga, utility.

उपलक्षण upalakṣaṇa, indication of the self as well as others, a mark.

उपलब्धि *upalabdhi*, apprehension, perception.

उपलम्भ upalambha, apprehension.

उपष्टम्भक upastambhaka, support, stimulant.

उपसंहार upasamhāra, destruction, recapitulation.

उपसर्ग upasarga, preposition.

उपसर्जन upasarjana, unimportant.

- प्रकरणप्रतिपाद्यार्थसाधने तत्र तत्र श्रुयमाणा युक्तिः ।
 - 2. उपामितिकरणमुपमानम् । तच्च सादृश्यज्ञानात्मकम् ।

उपस्थिति upasthiti, thought, presence.

उपादान upādāna, (v) material or substantive cause; (b) attachment, grasping, clinging, cause; (m) a mode of expression like ajahatsvārtha; a pramāna for Mīmāmsaka Prabhākara, viz. number and gender of an anga. – कारण – kāraṇa, material cause.

उपादेय upādeya, (m) object of injunction.

ষ্যাঘি ¹upādhi, limitation, disguise, condition, augment, concept, special attribute or property, condition; (n) determination (of the absolute), vitiating or adventitious condition, special cause for a general effect.

उपाय upāya, means, way, remedy.

उपालम्भ upālambha, censure.

उपासन upāsana, adoration, worship, invocation.

उपेक्षा upekṣā, indifference.

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उह $\bar{u}ha$, modification by conjecture or reasoning, comprehension of particulars; (s) one of the 8 siddhis, independent reasoning.

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ऋजुनय rjunaya, (j) one of the 7 nayas of saptabhangi in which a prediction may be made about a thing.

ऋत rta, truth, cosmic law.

ऋतंभरा rtambharā, (y) bearer of truth (i.e.) the self in samādhi.

ऋित् ṛtvij, a priest in a sacrifice such as adhvaryu, hotṛ, brahman, udgātṛ, etc.,

ऋद्धि rddhi, (b) supernatural power.

ऋषि rsi, sage.

1. साध्यव्यापकत्वे साति साधनाव्यापकत्वमुपाधित्वम् ।

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পেক eha, one. – जीवनाद – jīvavāda, one-soul theory. – আন্থান – tvānyatva, the state of being either the same or the other. – বানিন – deśin, a sub-class of followers of one philosophical system, knowing only one part of the true state of case. – হ্ব – rūpa, one form. – নান্য – vākya, sentence united with some other, a single sentence. – ভ্যুবহানিক – vyavahārika, a sub-school of Buddhism. – হাব – seṣa, name of a compound denoting that of two or more stems alike in form only one remains. – স্থান – śruti, (i) an enunciation in the singular. – মন্তানার – sattāvāda, (v) doctrine of one existence.

एकाम $ek\bar{a}gra$, close attention, closely attentive. – ता – $t\bar{a}$, concentration or abstraction.

एकान्त ekānta, exclusive, exclusively. — दुषमा — duṣamā, (j) containing only bad year. — सुषमा — suṣamā (j) containing only good year. — राज् — rāj, name of a Bodhisattva.

एकान्तिक ekāntika, certain, steady, permanent, devoted to one aim, person or theory. - मार्ग - mārga, monotheism.

एकायन ekāyana, a narrow way or path accessible for only one person, centre of union.

ऐ

ऐकाउँ aikāgrya, concentration on one object.

ऐकान्तिक aikāntika, permanent, complete, absolute, exclusive. – त्व – tva, certainty, steadiness, permanence.

ऐकास्य aikātmya, unity of the soul, oneness, identity.

ऐक्य aikya, identity, unity, harmony, sameness.

ऐतिह्य aitihya, tradition.

ऐश्वर्य aiśvarya, lordship, supremacy, superhuman power.

ओ

ओम् om, praṇava.

ओङ्कार oinkāra, praņava, combination of अ, उ and म.

ओत ota, threaded, intervowen. – प्रोत – prota, woven lengthwise and crosswise.

औ

औत्रापथिक auttarāpathika, a school of Buddhist philosophy that is coming from the northmost part of the country.

औत्यत्तिक autpattika, (m) eternal, material.

औत्सर्गिक autsargika, belonging to a general rule.

औत्सुक्य autsukya, eagerness, desire, longing.

औदार्य audārya, magnanimity, generosity.

औदासीन्य audāsīnya, indifference, apathy.

औपचारिक aupacārika, figurative, metaphorical.

औपनिषद aupanișada, follower of Upanișads, contained or taught in Upanișads.

औपपत्त्यंशिक aupapatyamsika, (b) consciousness related to rebirth.

औपपातिक aupapātika, (b) born without apparent cause (i.e.) parents.

औपाधिक aupādhika, dependent on particular conditions, extrinsic, limited.

और्ध्वदेहिक aurdhvadaihika, relating to a deceased person, performed in honour of the dead.

औत्रक्य aulūkya, follower of the Vaisesika doctrine.

क

क Ka, Brahman.

कक्षा kakṣā, disputing side, disputative stand.

कटु kațu, pungent.

कार्टेन kathina, hard, stiff, harsh, cruel.

कणभुज् Kaṇabuj, another name for Kaṇāda.

কাণার Kaṇāda, atom-eater, a name given to the author of Vaisesika philosophy.

कण्डक kanṭaka, thorn; (n) a term implying the refutation of argument, detection of error.

कण्डाभरण kanthābharana, necklace.

कथंभावाकाङ्का kathambhāvākānkṣā, (m) expectation of subsidiary acts.

कपिल kapila, brown, name of a sage who is the author of Sānkhyaśāstra.

कपिश kapiśa, brown, reddish-brown.

कमण्डल kamandalu, a vessel made of wood or earth used for water by ascetics and religious students.

कम्पन kampana, shaking, trembling, unsteady.

करतल karatala, palm of the hand.

क्रण karana, medium, means, cause, organ.

करण karuna, lamentable, compassion, pity.

कर्तृ kartr, doer, author, functionary, agent.

कर्मन् karman, action, deed, activity, destiny, performance.

— इन्दिय — indriya, (n) organ of action (5). — काण्ड — kāṇḍa, ritual portion of Vedas, name of a Jaina work. — गति gati, course of fate. — चण्डाल — canḍāla, a contemptible man. — धार्य — dhāraya, name of a compound, a subclass of tatpuruṣa compound. — पथ — patha, the way or direction of an action. — म्मि — bhūmi, land or region of religious actions. — मीमोसा — mīmāmsā, systematic enquiry on the ritual portion of Vedas instituted by Jaimini. — योग — yoga, yoga of action, practical application, active exertion. — विज्ञान — vijnāna, (b) activity-intelligence. — विपाक — vipā-ka, ripening of action. — शिल — śīla, assiduous in work. — साक्षिन — sākṣin, witness of all acts.

কলন্ত kalala, embryo.

ৰকা kalā, part, 16th part, fine art.

कल्प kalpa, rule, way, method, a period of time, one of the 6 Vedāngas.

कल्पना kalpanā, assumption, reflection, creation, imagination, conceptual content, presumptive knowledge.

कल्पिक kalpika, conceptual, (b) fit, proper.

कल्पित kalpita, adjusted, imaginary, invented.

कल्याणमिल kalyāṇamitra, (b) spiritual teacher.

कषाय kāṣāya, astringent, yellowish red.

काकतालीय kākatāliya, after the manner of "the crow and the palm-fruit," unexpected, accidental.

काच kāca, glass.

কাৰকাদন kācakāmala, a kind of eye disease, cateract.

काञ्चन kāñcana, gold. - मय - maya, made of gold.

কাতি kānḍa, section, chapter, part, single joint of a stem of a plant. — अनुसमय — anusamaya, the performance of all prescribed acts of ritual in orderly succession for a particular object before performing the same acts in the same order for a second object.

कादाचित्क kādācitka, occasional.

कान्ति kānti, brilliance, splendour, beauty.

कापालिक kāpālika, a sect of Śaiva ascetics who carries a human skull and uses it as a receptacle for his food. (He belongs to the left hand sect).

कापिल kāpila, follower of Sānkhya system of philosophy founded by Kapila.

काम kāma, erotics, desire, God of Love, one of the four purusārthas, enjoyment. – रूपिन – rūpin, taking form at will. – लोक – loka, world of desire.

काम्यकर्मन् kāmyakarman, action done for a particular object.

काम्यविधि kāmyavidhi, optional injunction.

काय kāya, aggregate, trunk, body. – दण्ड – danda, control of the body.

कारक kāraka, productive, creative, relation between noun and verb in grammar.

কাবে kāraṇa, cause, reason, origin. – স্থাব – śarīra, (v) causal body, the original embryo or source of the body existing with the universal impersonal spirit and equivalent to Avidyā.

कारिका kārikā, verse.

कारिल kāritra, (b) power of action.

कारुण्य kārunya, compassion, pity.

कात्स्न्यं kārtsnya, entirety.

कार्मिक kārmika, name of a Buddhist philosophical school.

कार्य kārya, product, task, artificial, producible, to be done or performed. – कारणभान – kāraṇabhāva, relation of cause and effect. – सम – sama, (n) a particular sophistical objection.

काल kāla, time. — अतीत — atīta, delayed, mis-timed. — अलयापदिष्ट — atyayāpadiṣṭa, invalidated by lapse of time, a term for a vain argument. — मयनपुस् — mayavapus, time-body, time-bodied.

कीर्ति kirti, fame, glory, speech, report.

क्रकलिक kukkulika, a sub-school of Buddhism.

कडच kudya, wall.

कुतर्किन् kutarkin, false arguer.

कुमारिल kumārila, founder of a new school in mimāmsā, other wise called Bhāṭṭamata.

कुम्भक kumbhaka, (y) suspension of breath, stopping the breath by shutting the mouth and closing the nostrils with fingers of the right hand. see $Pr\bar{a}n\bar{a}y\bar{a}ma$ post.

কুন্তান্ত kulāla, potter.

कुविन्द kuvinda, weaver.

कुरा kuśa, sacred grass used for religious ceremonies.

कुशल kuśala, good, auspicious.

उस्र kusūla, granary, room or container in which rice or grais stored.

कुह kuhū, new moon (personified as a daughter of Angiras.)

क्टिश kūṭastha, (v) standing at the top, keeping the highposition, unchangeable.

कूर्च kūrca, bundle of grass.

कृतक kṛtaka, artificial, unreal.

कृतनाश kṛtanāśa, disappearance of fruit of action duly pe formed.

कृति kṛti, act, deed.

कृतिम kṛtrima, artificial.

कृपा kṛþā, pity.

कृष्णतार kṛṣṇatāra, the dark of the eye.

कृष्णल kṛṣṇala, a piece of gold of small weight.

क्रसर kṛsara, a dish consisting of sesamum and grain.

केवल kevala, attributeless, unqualified, isolated, alone. – र – tvam, onliness, loneliness, attributelessness. – ज्ञान – jñān

(j) highest possible knowledge. – ব্যারিইনিইন্ – vyatirekin, (a negative, reason showing only the negative concourtance. – अधिकरण – adhikarana, mere container. – अन्वार्- – anvayin, a reason showing the only positive concomitance.

केवलिन् kevalin, (j) an Arhat possessing the kevalajñana.

केशोण्ड्रक keśonduka, a sling or knot of hair, net-like appar tion seen while the eyes are shut.

केङ्कर्य kainkarya, worshipful service.

केमुतिक kaimutika, the rule of 'how much more' or 'ho much less,' arguing a portion and leaving the rest for inference (a fortiori).

कैवल्य kaivalya, absolute liberation, final absolution; (v) absolution, unity, perfect isolation.

कोश kośa, encasement, sheath.

क्रम krama, order, sequence, arrangement, arranged position.

- मार्क - mukti, gradual liberation or absolution. - अकम

- akrama, consecutive and concurrent.

क्रमशः kramaśah, successively.

किया kriyā, action, activity, performance. – शक्ते – śakti, power of action. – सिद्धि – siddhi, fruition of action.

क्रोध krodha, anger, ire.

ধ্বা kṣaṇa, moment, sensation, attention, opportunity. – মন্থ – bhaṅnga, continual decay of things. – মন্থাৰ – bhaṅngavāda, doctrine of continul decay of things. – মন্থান – sāntana, series of moments.

क्षणिक kṣanika, momentary, transient. – विज्ञान – vijñāna, (b) philosophy of temporary or momentary consciousness of Bauddhas.

क्षपणक kṣapanaka, religious mendicant especially Jaina, mendicant who wears no garments.

क्षमा kṣamā, forbearance, patience, faith.

क्षान्ति kṣānti, forbearance.

क्षार kṣāra, alkaline.

क्षेत्रज्ञ kṣetrajña, soul (i.e.) knower of the body.

क्षेम kṣema, protection of what is obtained.

क्षोद्क्षम kṣodakṣama, capable of test or investigation.

ख

खक्खर khakkhata, hard, solid.

खण्डन khandana, refutation.

खपुष्प khapuspa, sky-flower.

জ্বিন্ত khila, additional hymn appended to the regular collection of hymns of Vedas.

खेचरी khecari, one of the yogamudra symbols.

ख्याति khyāti, (b) discernment, knowledge, publicity, celebrity, perception.

11

गगनकुसुम gaganakusuma, sky-flower.

गतानुगतिक gatānugatika, following what precedes, following custom or the conduct of another, imitative.

गतार्थ gatārtha, object fulfilled.

यति gati, motion, result, mode of existence, course, origin.

गन्ध gandha, odour, smell.

गन्धर्वनगर gandharvanagara, an imaginary town in the sky, Gandharvancity.

गमक gamaka, indicative, causing to understand.

गमन gamana, motion, going.

गमनिका gamanikā, explanatory paraphrase, method, doctrine.

गर्भित garbhita, pregnant, containing inside.

गवामयन gavāmayana, name of a sacrifice.

गाथा gāthā, a stanza, verse.

गाम्भीर्य gāmbhīrya, magnanimity.

गुण guṇa, quality, aspect, characteristic; (m) any material useful for sacrifice, one of the seven categories in Nyāya-Vaiśesika philosophy.

गुणिन् gunin, substrate, possessor of quality.

गुप्ति gupti, (i) three kinds of guptis, restraint of body, mind and speech.

गुरु guru, another name for Prabhākara. – त - tva, solidity, weight. – मत – mata, Prabhākara's view in Mimāmsā.

गृहस्य grhastha, householder.

गोकुलिक gokulika, one who gives help to a cow in the mud, name of a Buddhist sect.

गोचर gocara, object, place.

गोल gotra, lineage, race, family name.

गोनदीय gonardīya, belonging to Gonardas; Patañjali, the founder of Yoga philosophy.

गोमेध gomedha, cow-sacrifice.

गौण gauṇa, not primary.

गौणी gauṇī, one of the functions of a word to connote a remote sense.

गौतम Gautama, the founder of Nyāya philosophy.

गौरव gaurava, a defect in logical discussion consisting of heaviness in argumentation or cumbrousness.

সূত্র grantha, work, treatise, book, composition. – কা $-k\bar{a}ra$, author.

यस्त grasta, devoid, eclipsed.

সই graha, any ladle or vessel employed for taking up a portion of fluid especially of soma out of a larger vessel.

महण grahana, grasping, seizing, choosing.

श्रामीण grāmīṇa, villager, peasant.

श्रावस्तुत् grāvastut, one of the 16 priests in soma sacrifice.

সাইক grāhaka, that which grasps the object.

সাই grāhya, knowable object, that which is to be grasped.

घ

ঘট ghata, jar, pot. – ল – tva, potness, jarness. – আৰু ল – ākāśa, space in a pot.

घटकत्व ghatakatva, state of being included.

घटित ghațita, included, joined.

घण्टाघोष ghanțāghoṣa, public declaration, bell-announcement.

घनगर्जित ghanagarjita, the roar of thunder, deep loud roar.

चृत ghṛta, ghee.

घोर ghora, terrific.

ঘাষ ghoṣa, hut of herdsmen, a particular form of a temple. ঘাল ghrāṇa, olifactory organ, nose.

च

चक्र cakra, wheel. - नेमि - nemi, wheel-felly. - अमण - bhrama turning like a wheel.

चञ्जस् cakṣus, eye, vision, visual sense, sense of sight. — বি
- vijnāna, (b) visual cognition.

चतुष्पति catuspāt, four-footed, quadripartite.

चन्द्रनाडी cāndranādī, (y) one of principal nadis or arte: passages in the living body.

चमस camasa, a small vessel used at the vedic sacrifice for tak: soma juice.

चयन cayana, vedic ceremony of piling up bricks.

चरमावस्था caramāvasthā, final state, condition at death.

ব্যা carana, the feet of the venerable, a pāda or line of stanza, section, a school or branch of the veda.

चरितार्थ caritartha, accomplished object, one who has attair his end.

चर्ची carcā, consideration, deliberation, discussion.

चर्या caryā, doing.

चलन calana, motion, moving.

चषाल caṣāla, a wooden ring on the top of a sacrificial post.

चाक्षुष cākṣuṣa, belonging to the sight or produced from sight.

चातुर्मास्य cāturmāsya, a sacrifice of 4 months' duration.

चातुर्य cāturya, tactfulness.

चार्वोक cārvāka, materialistic philosopher. – मत – mata, heterodox philosophy, atheism.

चालनी cālanī, parasol.

चित् cid, intelligence, intellect, knowledge, consciousness. – आत्मक – ātmaka, consisting of pure consciousness. – आतास – ābhāsa, self semblance. – मय – maya, consisting of pure thought or consciousness. – मात्र – mātra, pure thought. – मुद्रा – mudrā, symbol of consciousness, one of the symbols in yogic practice. – रूप – rūpa, consciousness, universal spirit as identified with pure thought.

चिति citi, a layer of wood or bricks.

चित्र citta, mind, thought, conciousness. - एकत्व - ekatva, mental unity or fixity. - वित्रयुक्तघर्म - viprayuktadharma, (b) non-mental compounds. - विश्रम - vibhrama, confusion of mind, mental delusion, mental derangement. - सन्तित - santati, continuity of consciousness.

चित्र citra, variegated.

चिन्ता cintā, thought, meditation, speculation, discussion, anxiety.

चीर or चीवर cira or civara, (b, j) the dress of a monk.

चूर्ण cūrṇa, powder.

चेतन cetana, conscious, sentient, intelligent, soul, mind, consचेतना cetanā, ciousness, volition.

चेतयितृ cetayitṛ, thinker.

चेतस् cetas, mind, thought.

चेष्टाश्रय cesṭaśraya, receptacle or vehicle of bodily action or motion.

चैतन्य caitanya, consciousness, intelligence, life, sensation.

चैत्तिक caittika, a sub-school of Buddhism.

चैत्य caitya, (b, j) a temple or a place of worship generally containing a monument.

चोदना codanā, inducement, permission, direction, (m) a vidhivakya.

चोद्य codya, raising a question to be criticised.

च्युति cyuti, falling down, degeneration, perishing, death.

हर

ন্তন ¹chala, (n) casuistry, quibbling, deceitful disputation, perverting the sense of words. — নান – jāti, futile rejoinder.

ন্তান chāga, he-goat.

छाया *chāyā*, image, shadow, likeness.

ज

जगत् jagat, world, earth.

जठराग्नि jatharāgni, digestive fire.

লভ jada, unconscious, stupid, inanimate, insensate, inert, inactive.

जनक janaka, cause, producing.

जन्तु jantu, living being, creature.

जन्मन् janman, birth.

जन्य janya, producible, produced, born.

जप japa, recitation of a mantra, muttering.

जरा jarā, old age, decay, senility.

जरायुज jarāyuja, born from womb.

जल jala, water. – चन्द्र – candra, image of moon in water.

जलाकाश jalākāśa, sky reflected in water.

जल्प jalpa, (n) disputation, discourse, one of two kinds of vada, overbearing reply and disputed rejoinder.

সহস্ত্ৰণা jahallakṣaṇā, indicative, indication, secondary sense abandoning primary sense.

वचनविद्यातोऽर्थविकल्पोपपत्त्या छलम् । तच द्विविधम् । वाक्च्छलं सामाम्यच्छलं च ॥

जहदजहस्रभणा jahadajahallakṣaṇā, secondary sense partly abandoning the primary sense.

নামন্ jāgrat, waking. – নামন্ – jāgrat, perfectly waking state, waking state in a waking state. – নামানি – susupti, state of deep sleep in waking state. – নামানি – svapna, dream in the waking state.

জান jāta, born, brought into existence.

जাतक jātaka, (b) the story of former birth.

জানি jāti, birth, rebirth, caste, general character as opposed to individual one, nature, race, family, species; (n) that which is asserted, objective. – उत्तर – uttara, (n) futile rejoinder, self-confuting reply.

जायापती jāyāþatī, wife and husband.

जालन्धरबन्ध jālandharabandha, a kind of bandha, bodily pose in yogic practice.

जिज्ञासा jijñāsā, desire to know, enquiry.

जितेन्द्रिय jitendriya, one who has subjugated senses.

जिन jina, victorious, name of Buddha or Mahavira.

जिह्या jihvā, gestatory organ, tongue.

जीव jīva, living world, individual soul, vital spirit. – चैतन्य – caitanya, spirit as individual soul. – मुक्त – nmukta, liberated while living. – अहमन् – ātman, individual soul.

जैन jaina, relating to Jinas, worshipper of Jina.

जैमिनि Jaimini, founder of Pūrvamimamsā.

ज्ञ

র jña, knower, wise and learned man, knowing. – হানী – sakti, intellectual faculty.

ज्ञि jñaþti, knowledge, understanding.

ज्ञात jñāta, known, understood, perceived.

স্থানেনা jñātatā, (m) state of being known or understood.

রান jñana, pure knowledge, thought, consciousness, wisdom, idea. — কাণ্ড — kānda, a portion of the veda relating to knowledge (i.e.) upaniṣads etc. — দ্বান — bhramśa, loss of knowledge. — তপ্না — lakṣaṇā, (n) intuitive knowledge of anything actually not perceived by senses. — सम्भार — sambhāra, accumulation or equipment of knowledge. — সাধার — adhyāsa, super-imposition of knowledge. — সাধার — ābhāsa, knowledge-semblance.

ज्ञापक jñāpaka, (n) indicative (cause).

ज्ञेय jñeya, knowable (thing).

त

तरस्थ taṭastha, neutral. – लक्षण – lākṣaṇa, passive or incidental quality.

বাৰ tattva, reality, truth, true nature of entity, element, true principle. — রাল — jñāna, knowledge of truth, insight into the true principle. — লয — traya, name of the triad: Cit, Acit and Īśwara (universal soul) — হছি — dṛṣṭi, perceiving truth.

तत्त्वमसि tattvamasi, that thou art. This is called mahāvākya.

तथाता tathātā, (b) suchness (doctrine of Uttarāpathakas.)

तथागत tathāgata, name of Buddha, one who has arrived at perfect state of existence.

নথা च tathāca, likewise, accordingly (introducing quotation, etc.)

तथापि tathāpi, even so, yet, nevertheless (correlative of yadyapi).

तथाहि tathāhi, for, so (it has been said), for instance.

तध्य tathya, real.

तदात्मकत्व tadātmakatva, being of that nature.

तन tanu, body, thin, slender, small, fine.

तन्त्र tantu, thread.

নেৰ tantra, system of thought, a class of works teaching magical and mystical formulæ. – মাৰ্ – sāra, essence of philosophy.

तन्मात ¹tanmātra, (s) rudimentary substance, subtle element.

तपस् tapas, penance.

तमस् tamas, darkness, ignorance, inertia.

तमोगुण tamoguna, dullness, inertia.

বৰ্দ tarka, system or doctrine founded on speculation or reasoning. Cogitation, reasoning, enquiry, logic, confutation (especially that kind of argument which consists in reduction to absurdity), reductio ad absurdum, indirect argument, dialectics, same as Nyāya.

त्रीण tarpaṇa, satiating, refreshing, oblation of water.

तात्पर्य tātparya, meaning, purport.

ताद्वस्थ्य tādavasthya, remaining in the same condition.

तादात्म्य tādātmya, identity, sameness of character.

ताद्रुप्य tādrūþya, sameness of form, identity.

तान्तिक tāntrika, taught in a scientific manner, one completely versed in any science or system, a follower of tantra doctrine.

ताप tāpa, pain. - त्रय - traya, three kinds of passion.

तापस tāpasa, practiser of or relating to religious austerity.

तामस tāmasa, appertaining to or affected by the quality tamas.

तारतम्य tāratamya, gradation, difference.

নাৰ্কিক tārkika, logician, dialectician, related to or belonging to tarka.

तिक्त tikta, bitter.

तितिक्षा titikṣā, endurance of opposites like heat and cold etc., forbearance, patience.

1. अपश्रीकृतरूपरसगन्धस्पर्शानां संज्ञा ।

तितिक्षु titikṣu, patient, forbearing, enduring patiently.

तिमिर timira, dark, darkness, eye-disease.

तिरश्चीन tiraścina, crooked, horizontal, across.

तिरोधान tirodhana, obscuration, disappearance.

तीर्थ tīrtha, passage, advice, instruction, preceptor.

तीर्थेङ्कर tirthainkara, (j) perfect soul among Jainas.

तीर्थक or तीर्थिक tirthaka or tirthika, (b) any opponent philosopher.

ব্ৰুল্ফ tuccha, worthless, vain, empty.

तुरी turi, shuttle.

तुरीय or तुर्य turiya or turya, fourth.

तुल्य tulya, alike, equal.

तुष्टि tuṣṭi, satisfaction.

तूष्णींभाव tūṣṇīmbhāva, the state of being silent, silence.

तृण tṛṇa, straw, blade of grass.

तृष्णा tṛṣṇā, desire, craving.

तेजस् tejas, light, effulgence, fire.

तैजस taijasa, (v) name given to Jiva in the state of dreaming.

तैमिरिक taimirika, one affected by eye disease, cataract.

त्रयी विद्या trayī vidyā, three Vedas.

त्रसरेणु trasarenu, mote or atom of dust in a sun beam.

तिद्ण्डिन् tridandin, ascetic, a school of philosophers.

त्रिधातु tridhātu, consisting of three parts, especially kāma dhātu, rūpa and arūpa dhātu.

त्रिमल trimala, three-fold impurity.

तिरल triratna, (b) three-fold gem, viz. Buddha, his doctrine and order.

লৈহ্ব trirūpa, (n) three-featured, (viz) presence of the indicative in the subject (pakṣadharma), presence of the indicative where the probandum is known to be present (sapakṣasattva), absence of the indicative where the probandum is known to be absent (vipakṣavyāvṛtti). – তিঙ্ক – linga, three-featured probans.

त्रिवृत्करण trivrtkarana, triplicating.

लेताग्नि tretāgni, three kinds of Vedic fire called āhavanīya, gārhapatya and dakṣiṇāgni.

ইকান্তিক traikālika, pertaining to three times (past, present, future).

दोकाल्य traikālya, embracing the three times, a school of Buddhistic philosophy.

त्रेग्ण्य traigunya (s) triple nature of the matter.

लेघातुक traidhātuka, triple world.

नेविद्य traividya, well versed in three Vedas.

বেৰ tvac, tactile organ, sense of touch, skin.

द

द्ग्ध dagdha, burnt.

द्रण्ड daṇḍa, stick, trunk, stem. – कमण्डल – kamanḍalu, jar with handle. – नीति – nīti, administration of justice.

द्मन damana, taming, subduing, overpowering, control of the senses.

द्रम dambha, deceit, hypocrisy.

द्या dayā, grace, pity, compassion.

दर्प darpa, pride, arrogance.

द्पेण darpana, mirror.

दर्श darsa, new moon.

द्दीन darkana, doctrine, knowledge, school of thought or philosophy, seeing, sight, perception.

द्वींहोम darvihoma, oblation made with a wooden ladle or its substitute.

दान dāna, act of giving, giving up, imparting, teaching, donation, gift. – पारमिता – pāramitā, (b) perfection of charity. – पाल – pātra, object of charity.

दारीनिक dārsanika, acquainted with darsanas, philosopher.

दार्ष्ट्रान्त dārṣtānta, explained by an example.

दाष्ट्रीन्तिक dāṛṣṭāntika, one who uses an example or simile as a proof.

दिश् dis, quarter, direction; (n) one of the nine substances.

दिगम्बर digambara, a sect of Jains.

दिन्य divya, divine, superhuman, supernormal. – दप्टि – dṛṣṭi, supernatural vision, theurgy. – मार्ग – mārga, divine path.

दीक्षा dīkṣā, initiation, determination.

दीप dipa, light, lamp.

दीर्घ dirgha, long.

दुर्धिगम duradhigama, difficult to attain, inscrutable, ununderstandable.

दुर्गति durgati, misfortune, (b) bad state of life such as animal, etc.

दुर्जय durjaya, hard to win, a stage of progress in Bodhisattva's career.

द्वेल durbala, feeble, of little strength.

दुश्चरित duścarita, misdoing, (b) the 10 chief sins: murder, theft, adultery, lying, calumny, lewdness, evil speech, covetousness, envy, heresy.

दृष्ट dusta, faulty. - हेतु - hetu, defective probans.

दुस्साध्य dussādhya, difficult to accomplish.

दु:ख duḥkha, suffering, pain, sorrow, misery.

द्षण dūṣaṇa, objection, adverse argument, refutation, finding fault.

दृश्य dṛśya, visible.

हष्ट dṛṣṭa, direct perception, perceived object.

दृष्टान्त dṛṣṭānta, example, illustration.

दृष्टि dṛṣṭi, vision, cognition, (b) wrong belief. – सृष्टिवाद – sṛṣṭivāda, illusion theory, eye-creation theory.

देव deva, God.

देवता devatā, presiding deity.

देवानां प्रिय devānāmpriya, (b) beloved of gods, honourable; fool, idiot.

देशिक deśika, spiritual teacher or guide.

देहात्मवादिन् dehātmavādin, one who holds that there is no soul distinct from the body.

दैनन्दिन dainandina, daily, diurnal.

दैन्य dainya, (s) lowness, dejection.

ই(হান daiśika, relating to space or to any place as opposed to kālika.

दोष doşa, defect, fault.

दोहा dohā, hymns in Prākrit.

द्रवत्व dravatva, fluidity.

द्रव्य dravya, substance, matter.

ह्र्य dvaya, the double, being the name given to two mantras relating to Nārāyaṇa.

द्वादशाङ्गी dvādašāngī, collection of Jain sacred writings consisting of 12 parts.

द्वादशाध्यायी dvādaśādhyāyī, name of Jaimini's Mimāmsā consisting of 12 adlıyāyas.

द्वार dvāra, entrance, way, means, medium.

द्रेष dvesa, dislike, aversion, enmity, hate.

द्वेत dvaita, dual, dualistic doctrine propounded by Anandatirtha.

द्वैतिन् dvaitin, dualist.

ध

धन्वन् dhanvan, dry soil, desert.

धर्म dharma, characteristic, attribute, quality, duty. — काय — kāya, norm-body, one of the three bodies of Buddha. — चशुम् — cakṣus, (b) the eye of the norm. — ता — tā, normalism, whole nature. — धातु — dhātu, (b) norm, element of law or existence. — भाषक — bhānaka, (b) law-expounder, preacher, public reader of Mahābhārata and sacred books. — मेघ megha, (b) a stage of Bodhisattva's career. — विनय — vinaya, dogma, disciplinary regulation. — भारत — śāstra, law-book, code of law. — आयतन — āyatana, (b) sphere or objects of manas.

धर्मिन् dharmin, bearer of the attribute.

ধার dhātu, corporeal element, ingredient, phenomenon, fact of consciousness, humour.

धारण dhārana, sustaining.

घारणा dhāraṇā, (v) steadying the mind, fixed meditation, trance.

धारणी dhāranī, magic spell, mystical verse or charm used as a kind of prayer to assuage pain.

धार्मिक dhārmika, righteous, virtuous, pious.

धी dhī, idea, mind.

घूतगुण dhūtaguņa, (b) ascetic practice or precept.

धूम dhūma, smoke.

धृति dhṛti, endurance.

धैर्य dhairya, courage.

ध्यान dhyāna, meditation, (narrower than samādhi i.e. concentration.)

भुव dhruva, pole star, firm, fixed, immovable, permanent, unchangeable. घंस dhvamsa, falling down, destruction, annihilative nonexistence, disappearance, perishing, loss.

ध्वनि dhvani, noise, sound.

न

नभस् nabhas, air.

नभश्चर nabhascara, one who travels in the air.

नमन namana, reverential obeisance, bowing down.

नर nara, man, highest soul.

नरक naraka, hell.

नन्य navya, modern.

ৰশ্বৰ naśvara, destructible, perishable.

ন্তু naṣṭa, disappeared, perished.

नाडी nāḍī, an artery, tube, pipe.

नाद nāda, noise, sound, chime.

नान्तरीयक nantariyaka, unavoidable, intermediate.

नामन् $n\bar{a}man$, name; (b) mind. $-\overline{e}q - r\bar{u}pa$, name and form; (b) mind and matter, mentality and corporeality.

नाश nāśa, annihilation.

नासत् nāsat, nonentity.

नास्तिक nāstika, heterodox person, unbeliever.

निकाय nikāya, heap, collection, (b) collection of Buddhistic Sūtras.

निगद nigada, reciting, audible recitation, a prayer recited aloud.

निगम nigama, a class of Vedic mantras.

निरामन nigamana, (n) final conclusion, restatement of the proposition on the basis of the statement of the probans.

निग्रह nigraha, subjugation, suppression. — स्थान — sthāna, (n) clincher, vulnerable.

नित्य nitya, constant, eternal. – कर्मन् – karman, daily duty, compulsory rite. – त्व – tva, eternality. – बद्ध – baddha, ever bound. – विधि – vidhi, compulsory injunction. – अनिस्विविक – anityaviveka, (v) a discerning knowledge of which is real or which is unreal, one of the 4 qualifications of Brahmavidyā. – उदित udita, (p) ever manifest.

निदान nidāna, (b) cause, root cause (twelve root causes).

निदिध्यासन *nididhyāsana*, (v) concentrated meditation, profound and repeated meditation.

निद्रा nidrā, sleep, slumber.

निधन nidhana, death, destruction.

निध्यप्ति *nidhyapti*, philosophical meditation, reflection.

निमित्त nimitta, (efficient) cause, reason. – कारण – kāraṇa, (n) instrumental cause. – नैमित्तिक – naimittika, cause and effect.

नियत *niyata*, invariable, constant, suppressed, controlled, checked. – प्रवृत्ति – pūrvavṛtti, invariable antecedent.

नियति *niyati*, restriction, law, regulation, fate, destiny (p) śakti consisting of great knowledge.

नियम niyama, specification, limitation, rule.

नियोग ¹niyoga, (m) injunction, duty, a force which mediates between sacrifice and benefit, apūrva.

निरन्वय niranvaya, absolute, without residue as in निरन्वयनाश.

निर्भिलाप्यशून्यता nirabhilāpyasūnyatā, (b) inexpressible voidness.

निरर्थक nirarthaka, meaningless.

निरवकाश niravakāśa, wanting room, having no suitable place (to act).

निरवयव niravayava, inseparable, bodiless, partless.

निराकरण nriākaraņa, refutation.

1. अद्वितीयवस्तुनि तदाकारकारिताया बुद्धेस्सजातीयप्रवाहः-Vedantasara

निराकारवादिन् nirākāravādin, one who holds the theory of imageless consciousness.

निरात्मता nirātmatā, soullessness.

निरास nirāsa, repudiation, rejection, refutation.

निरुक्त nirukta, defined, one of the Vedāngas.

निरुक्ति nirukti, etymological interpretation of a word.

निरुद्ध niruddha, restricted, impeded, stopped, checked.

निरुपास्य nirupākhya, (b) featureless thing.

निरूपक nirūpaka, correlating, correlated.

निरूपण nirūpaṇa, exposition.

निरूप्य nirūpya, that which is correlated.

निरोध nirodha, cessation, suppression, (y) retention of breath.

— समापत्ति — samāpatti, (b) cessation of conciousness.

निम्न-थ nirgrantha, free from all ties, a saint who has with-drawn from the world and lives either as a hermit or wandering naked.

निर्मण nirguna, absolute, quality-less, unqualified.

निर्णय nirnaya, decisive knowledge, conclusion.

निर्देश nirdesa, definition, particular mention.

निर्भास nirbhāsa, (b) reflection, illustration.

निर्भासिज्ञान nirbhāsijñāna, (b) cognition by mere reflected image.

निर्मन्थ्य nirmanthya, (m) being newly churned by friction (as fire.)

निर्माणकाय nirmāṇakāya, (b) body created by some supernatural power.

निवेचन nirvacana, defiinite predication.

निर्वाण nirvāṇa, cessation of finite existence, absolute existence.

निर्वाप nirvāpa, separating a portion from the heap of grain for purpose of sacrifice.

निर्विकल्पक nirvikalpaka, (n) undifferentiated, indeterminate (b) devoid of imagination. — 'ज्ञान — jñāna, (n) non-conceptual perception, indeterminate perception.

निर्विकल्पसमाधि nirvikalpasamādhi, (y) a kind of yogic concentration.

निर्विकार nirvikāra, unchangeable, immutable.

নির্বিহাণ nirviśeṣa, attributeless. – দলন – brahman, attributeless brahman. – अद्वेत – advaita, same as advaita² (monism of Śankara).

निविद् nivid, particular Vedic mantra containing epithets or short invocations of gods.

निवृत्ति nivṛtti, cessation, emancipation, withdrawing, returning.

निश्चय niścaya, definite cognition, resolve.

निःश्रेयस niśśreyasa, salvation.

निषादस्थपति niṣādasthapati, a carpenter being niṣāda by caste.

निषद्ध nisiddha, prohibited.

निषेध niședha, prohibition, interdiction.

निष्कर्ष niṣkarṣa, definite conclusion, brief statement.

निष्कल niskala, undivided.

निष्काम niṣkāma, desireless.

निष्ठा niṣṭhā, climax, highest point.

निष्फल nisphala, fruitless.

निष्यन्द्फल nisyandaphala, (b) fruit suited to action.

निस्त्वभाव nissvabhāva, devoid of nature, devoid of existence.

नीति nīti, politics.

नीरूप nīrūpa, featureless.

नील nila, blue.

- 1. प्रकारताविशेष्यतानापन्नसम्बन्धानवप्राह्यतीन्द्रियज्ञानम् ।
- 2. ज्ञातृज्ञानादिभेदलये अद्वितीयवस्तुनि तदाकारकारिताया बुद्धिवृत्तेरतितरामेकीभावेनाव-स्थानम्—Vedanțasara.

tr, motive power.

नीकलम् naikapratyanikatvam, (n) invariable concomitance.

চ naimittika, artificial, occasional. – মত্ত্য – pralaya, occaional dissolution.

মার nairātmyavāda, (b) doctrine which denies the exisence of the soul as a separate entity.

nodana, pushing, repelling.

া yāya, accepted generalisation, axiom, popular maxim; (n) yllogistic argument. – আইন – śāstra, science of reasoning, yāya (tarka) propounded by Gautama.

yūna, wanting, incomplete; (n) a nigrahasthāna.

प

र kṣa, (n) view, side, position advanced, subject, thesis, ninor term. – ता – tā, subjectness. – धर्मे – dharma, (n) preence of the indicative in the subject. – धर्मेता – dharmatā, ubject-adjunctness. – पात – pāta, siding with one party. – तिषेष – pratiṣedha, demolition of argument. – वचन – vaca-a, assertion of the minor term.

pañcakāranī, (b) five-conditions-method to determine ausal connection.

r pañcākṣarī, the 5 syllabled mantra of Śiva.

ন pañcāyatana, a five-fold worship of Brahman, Viṣṇu nd Maheśvara, etc., a kind of worship in which five ymbols are used.

on ³pañcikarana, (v) quinquepartite.

ta, cloth.

It has five members, प्रतिज्ञा, हेतु, उदाहरण, उपनय and निगमन, but according to Mimamsakas and Vedantins only three.

सिसाधियषया शूर्या सिद्धियत्र न विद्यते । स पक्षस्तत्र वृत्तित्वज्ञानादनुमितिर्भवेत् ॥ द्धिथा विधाय चैकेकं चतुर्था प्रथमं पुनः । स्वस्यैत च द्वितीयांशैयोजनात्पञ्च पञ्च ते। परल paṭala, chapter.

पण्डित pandita, learned.

पथिक pathika, way-farer.

पदार्थ ¹padārtha, thing, substance; (n) category.

पर para, final, supreme, higher, comprehensive. – आत्मन् – ātman, (s) liberated soul. – त्व – tva, priority, remoteness, extrinsicality. – त्रझन् – brahman, Supreme Brahman. – वाद – vāda, rival view. – सन्तान – santāna, (b) self of others. – सामान्य – sāmānya, (b) mere existence of categories.

परतन्त्र paratantra, dependent. – उक्षण – lakṣaṇa, (b) relative or dependent nature.

परत उत्वित parata utpatti, (b) origination by other cause.

परतः प्रामाण्य paratah prāmānya, (m) theory of extrinsic validity.

परमन्योमन् paramavyoman, highest heaven.

परमहंस paramahamsa, an ascetic of the highest order.

परम्परासम्बन्ध paramparasambandha, indirect relation.

परमाणु ²paramāṇu, atom, minute particle.

परमात्मन् paramātman, supreme soul.

प्रमार्थ paramārtha, supreme truth. - सन् - sat, absolute reality.

परामर्श ³parāmarśa, (n) subsumptive reflection, thinking or judgment, understanding minor premise in relation to major.

परायण parāyaṇa, bent on, inclined to.

- द्रव्यं गुणस्तथा कर्म सामान्यं सिवशेषकम् । समवायस्तथाऽभावः पदार्थास्सप्त कीर्तिताः !!
- नित्याऽनित्या च सा द्वेधा नित्या स्यादणुळक्षणा । अनित्या तु तदन्या स्यात् सैवावयवयोगिनी ॥
- व्याप्यस्य पक्षधर्मत्वधीः परानर्शं उच्यते । अनुमायामनृत्मितौ व्याप्तिज्ञानं कारणं परा-मशौ व्यापारः ।

पराथानमान pararthanumana, (n) inference for the benefit of others.

परावर parāvara, one compared with whom the supreme being is lower

परिकल्पित parikalpita, imaginary, created.

परिग्रह parigraha, acceptance, taking.

परिग्राहक parigrāhaka, (b) enveloping (cause).

परिणाम parināma, mutation, modification, evolution. - बाद $-v\bar{a}da$, evolution theory.

परिनिष्पन्नस्थण parinispannalakṣaṇa, (b) perfect or absolute nature.

परिभाषा paribhāṣā, technical term, supplementary rules of elucidation or interpretation, as those added to Pānini's grammar.

परिमाण parimāṇa, dimension, size, quantity, measure.

परिदेवना paridevanā, lament.

परिशिष्ट parisista, supplement.

परिशेष pariseșa, exclusion, remainder, residue.

परिषद parisaha, (i) 32 kinds.

परोक्षक parikṣaka, investigator, examiner.

परीक्षा parikṣā, investigation.

परोक्ष paroksa, out of sight, indirect.

पर्यन्त paryanta, limit, uppermost point.

पर्याय paryāya, synonym.

पद्म paśu, animal, goat, lower creature.

पाक pāka, cooking, ripening, baking.

RARY BRANCE पানস্তুত pātañjala, same as Yoga system of by Patañjali.

पाताल þātāla, nether world.



पाञ्चभौतिक pāñcabhautika, composed of five elements.

पाञ्चरात्र ¹pāñcarātra, a school of philosophy.

पाद pāda, section, part, quarter.

पामर pāmara, low, uneducated, ordinary.

पारतन्त्र्य pāratantrya, subordination, dependence.

पारमार्थिक pāramārthika, spiritually absolute, philosophically real.

पारमिता pāramitā (b) highest, climax.

पारिमाण्डल्य pārimāṇḍalya, the smallest size conceivable, atomic size.

पशि pāśa, rope, bondage, attachment.

पाशुपत pāśupata, a sect of Saivas with Paśupati as their deity.

पाषण्ड pāṣaṇḍa, unbeliever.

पिण्ड piṇḍa, lump, sum-total, embryo.

पिपासा þiþāsā, thirst.

पिशुन piśuna, tale-bearer.

पुंस्व pumstva, virility.

पुण्य punya, merit. – परिणाम – parināma, (b) transfer of merit. – सम्भार – sambhāra, equipment of merit. – आमोदन – āmodana, (b) delight in merit.

पुद्रल pudgala, (b) something like jiva, person, living entity.

पुनरुक्ति punarukti, redundance, repetition.

पुनर्वचन punarvacana, restatement, repetition.

पुरुवरण purascarana, repetition of mantra according to a definite number.

1. रात्रं च ज्ञानवचनं ज्ञानं पञ्चविधं समृतम् ।

The five kinds of juana are सात्त्विक, राजस, तामस, नैर्गुण्य and सर्वत:पर.

पाञ्चरात्रं सप्तिविधं ज्ञानिनां ज्ञानदं परम् । त्राह्मं शैंवं च कोमारं वासिष्टं कापिलं परम् । गौतमीयं नारदीयमिदं सप्तिविधं स्मृतम् ॥ पुरियष्टक ¹puriyaṣṭaka, a subtle body apportioned to each individual soul under Śaiva Siddhānta.

पुरुष puruṣa, anthropomorphic god, spirit, soul. – সমূবি – pravṛṭṭi, personal effort. – अर्थ – artha, object of life, desirable object.

पुष्टि puṣṭi, prosperity.

पूजा pūjā, worship.

पूरक ²pūraka, (y) inhalation.

पूर्ण pūrņa, full, complete, whole.

पूर्व pūrva, former, prior. - पक्ष - "pakṣa, opponent's objection, prima facie view, criticism, one of the five ingredients of an adhikaraṇa.

पूर्वोङ्ग pūrvānga, prior constituent.

पृथग्जन pṛthagjana, ordinary.

पृथत्तव pṛthaktva, separateness.

पौरुषेय pauruseya, emanating from man, coming from the soul or spirit.

प्रकरण prakarana, subject, topic.

प्रकर्ष prakarsa, exceptional quality, superiority.

प्रकार prakāra, mode, adjunct.

प्रकाश prakāśa, luminosity.

প্রহুর prakrta, related to the context.

प्रकृति prakṛti, nature; (s) primordial matter, evolving matter; (j) one of the 4 bandhas. – अनियम – aniyama, (n) original inconsistency.

- It continues from creation until the close of the Kalpa; it is composed of thirty tattvas beginning with the earth and ending with Kalpa.
- 2. वामनासिकया वायुना देहपूरणम् । See प्राणायाम
- 3. प्रकृतार्थविरोधितकाँपन्यासः ।

प्रक्रिया prakriyā, arrangement, method.

प्रस्या prakhyā, vividness.

প্রভন্নৰীব্ধ pracchannabauddha, concealed Buddhist.

पञ्चित्वादिन् prajñaptivādin, a sub-school of Buddhism.

সন্থা prajñā, wisdom, insight; (v) name given to jīva in the state of sleeping. — বস্তুৰ্ — cakṣuṣ, eye of intuition. — পানিবা — pāramitā, (b) the Buddhist boon of perfection of know-ledge or intuition.

भणव pranava, mystic syllable Om.

প্রতিষান pranidhāna, profound meditation.

प्रतिकृति pratikṛti, image.

प्रतिज्ञा pratijñā, thesis, proposition, assertion.

प्रतितन्त्रसिद्धान्त pratitantrasiddhānta, conclusion peculiar to eacli school of philosophy.

प्रतिपक्ष pratipaksa, (n) counter-conception.

प्रतिपाद्यप्रतिपाद्कभाव pratipādyapratipādakabhāva, relation of the treated and the treatise.

प्रतिप्रसव ¹pratiprasava, inverse proposition, exception to exception, proviso to proviso.

प्रतिबन्धक pratibandhaka, counter-agent, impediment.

प्रतिविम्ब pratibimba, reflection. – बाद – vāda, reflection theory.

प्रतिभा pratibhā, intuition, flash of intelligence.

प्रतिभास pratibhāsa, illusion.

प्रतियोगिन् pratiyogin, counter correlative; (**n**) correlate, positive counterpart of negation. $- \pi i - t \bar{a}$, (**n**) correlativeness.

प्रतिलोम pratiloma, inverse.

प्रतिवादिन् prativādin, opponent, disputant.

निषिद्धस्य पुनाविधानम् ।

प्रतिसंख्यानिरोध pratisankhyānirodha, (b) deliberate destruction.

प्रतिसञ्चार pratisañcara, reversal of creation, reabsorption.

भतिसन्धान pratisandhāna, restoring connection, uniting, recollection of past experience.

प्रतिस्ति pratisandhi, (b) rebirth, new existence. — विज्ञान — vijñāna, (b) rebirth-consciousness, reconnection-consciousness.

प्रतिसर्ग pratisarga, secondary creation.

प्रतीनि pratīti, recognition, apprehension.

प्रतीत्यसमुत्राद pratityasamutpāda, (b) dependent origination, chain of causation.

प्रतीप pratipa, opposite.

प्रत्यक् pratyak, subjective. - आसन् - ātman, undivided essence (different from individual and supreme soul and worldly phenomena).

प्रत्यक्ष pratyakṣa, (n) sense-perception.

प्रत्यभिज्ञा pratyabhijñā, recognition, reminiscence. – दर्शन – darśana, recognitive system of Indian philosophy.

प्रत्यय pratyaya, contributory cause, co-operative cause, incorporative suffix. – सर्ग – sarga, (8) creation of the intellect.

प्रत्यवाय pratyavāya, impediment, obstruction, demerit.

प्रत्यासत्ति pratyāsatti, proximity, nearness.

प्रत्यूढ pratyūḍha, covered over, impeded.

प्रत्रह pratyūha, impediment, obstruction, opposition.

प्रत्येक pratyeka, each, single. – लक्षण – lakṣaṇa, separate characteristic.

पृथ्वी pṛthvī, earth.

স্থান pradhāna, determinative, important; (s) primary cause, main inert substance, primordial matter.

प्रश्नंसामान pradhvamsābhāva, (n) annihilative non-existence, non-existence after destruction.

प्रदेश pradeśa, (j) one of 4 Bandhas explained as दलसञ्चय.

प्रश्च prapañca, world, amplification.

प्रभत्ति prapatti, resignation, God-surrender.

ম্পন্ন prapanna, one who has surrendered humbly to God.

পৰাধ prabādha, discording.

भवन्य prabandha, continuity, composition.

प्रभा prabhā, effulgence.

प्रभाकरी prabhākarī, (b) illumination, a stage of progress.

प्रमाद prabhāva, might, power.

प्रमु prabhu, lord.

प्रमाद pramāda, mistake, unattentiveness.

प्रमा pramā, valid idea, correct cognition.

प्रमाल pramatva, validity.

प्रमाण 'pramāṇa, proof, evidence, authority, means of cognition, (m) evidence of being anga or auxiliary. – चक – cakra, regulative wheel.

प्रमिति pramiti, (n) right cognition.

प्रमेय prameya, object of cognition. – त्व – tva, cognisability. – विरुद्ध – viruddha, (n) against the very hypothesis.

प्रयत्न prayatna, effort, volition.

प्रयोग prayoga, use, formulation of syllogism.

1. The Cārvākas admitted Pratyakṣa (direct perception) only as a source of knowledge: the Buddhists and Vaiseṣikas added one more, viz., Anumāna (inference): the Sāmkhyas a third, viz., Śabda (revelation); the Naiyāyikas a fourth, viz., Upamā (analogy), the Prabhākara Mīmāmsakas a fifth, Arthāpatti, the Bhāṭṭas a sixth Anupalabdhi (non-apprehension):

प्रत्यक्षमनुमानं च वेदाश्चोपमया सह । अर्थापात्तरभावश्च भाट्टानां षट्प्रमाण्यसौ ॥ प्रभाकरमते पञ्चेतान्यभावस्य वर्जनात् । प्रयोजक prayojaka, indirect cause, director.

प्रयोजन prayojana, aim, purpose.

प्रयोज्य prayojya, dependent, servant, missile.

প্রতথ pralaya, dissolution of the world, absorption, deluge, involution.

प्रवर्तन pravartana, incitement.

पवृत्ति *pravṛtti*, activity, volitional resolution. – विज्ञान – *vijīīāna*, (**b**) intelligence as particular or evolving.

प्रसङ्ग prasanga, discussion, occurrence.

प्रसज्यप्रतिषेध prasajyapratisedha, (m) negation whereto an affirmative is expected.

प्रसञ्जन prasañjana, connecting, occurrence.

पसाद prasāda, (y) satisfaction.

प्रसारण prasāraņa, stretching forward.

प्रस्तिकोश prasūtikośa, sheath of generation.

प्रस्थानलय prasthānatraya, Upaniṣads, Brahmasūtras, and Bhagavadgītā, three branches or modes of teaching.

प्रहाण prahāṇa, (b) elimination, removing.

মাকুর prākṛta, original, popular. – মত্তত – maṇḍala, circle of nature. – সত্য – pralaya, total dissolution.

प्रागमान prāgabhāva, (n) antecedent non-existence.

प्राण ¹prāṇa, air inhaled, life, vitality. — मय — maya, astral body. — मयकोश — mayakośa, sheath of energy. — वायु — vāyu, vital breath. — आयाम — ²āyāma, (y) the act of controlling breath, one of 8 angas of the yoga.

प्रातिपदिक prātipadika, stem, bare word.

- 1. इन्माम्तः । इदि प्राणो गुदेऽपानस्तसानो नाभिसांस्थितः ।
- पूरकः दुस्मको रेच्यः प्राणायामस्त्रिलक्षणः । नासिका कृष्ट उच्छवासा मुच्यमानस्तु रेचकः ॥

प्रातिभासिक prātibhāsika, illusory, imaginary, not real.

সান prāpta, obtained, reached. — ৰাখ — bādha, (m) nullification of an earlier experience by a later one, impediment to an anga (auxiliary).

প্রামাক্ত prābhākara, followers of Prabhākara's school of Mimāmsā.

प्रामाण्य prāmānya, truth, validity.

पारव्यकर्मन् prārabdhakarman, accumulated karma which has begun to operate.

प्रीति prīti, (b) zest.

प्रेक्षण prekṣaṇa, prospective thought.

मेक्षा prekṣā, wisdom, intellect.

प्रेत्यभाव pretyabhāva, the condition of soul after death.

भेयस् preyas, beloved.

प्रेषण presana, injunction, commission.

पेष praisa, calling, addressing.

प्रो।ढेवाद praudhivāda, pompous or audacious utterance.

Ŧ

फल phala, fruit, result, - उपधायक upadhāyaka, immediate cause for any fruit.

व

बद्ध baddha, bound.

बन्ध bandha, fetter, bondage, as opposed to mokṣa.

बल bala, strength. - वत् - vat, valid, powerful.

ৰন্তাৰন্ত balābala, superior and inferior.

वहिरङ्ग bahiranga, outward, external, open.

वहिरण्डज bahirandaja, born outside the mundane egg.

बहिर्थं bahirartha, external object.

बहुत्व bahutva, multiplicity.

बहुल bahula, many, generally.

बहुश्रुत bahusruta, well-versed.

बहुश्रुतीय bahuśrutīya, a sub-school of Buddhism.

ৰাঘ bādha, contradiction, impediment, lack of harmony, flaw, fallacy, anything that operates adversely.

बाधकज्ञान bādhakajñāna, error-dispelling (right) knowledge.

बाचित bādhita, stultified reason.

बाध्यबाधको bādhyabādhakau, the annulled and the annuller.

ৰাম্ভ bāhya, outward, external. - अর্থনিরাব্রাব – arthasadbhāvavāda, doctrine of the reality of the external world.

विम्ब bimba, image.

बुद्ध buddha, enlightened person, understood, apprehended.

बुद्धि buddhi, knowledge, cognition, intellect; (s) cosmic intelligence: (v) the self that decides. – इन्द्रिय –indriya, (n) organ of sensation.

बध्न budhna, bottom.

बोध bodha, knowledge, understanding, apprehension.

बोचि bodhi, (b) enlightenment. - चिच - citta, (b) thought of enlightenment. - पक्ष - pakṣa, (b) (37) wings of enlightenment.

वौद्ध bauddha, Buddhist.

त्रहान् brahman, one of the trinity, creator. – चर्य – carya, studentship, celibacy. – चारिन् – cārin, religious student, celibate. – ज्ञानिन् – ¹jñānin, one who knows the self. – वादिन् – vādin, theist, philosopher. – विहार – vihāra. (b)

कुश्लाकुशलावृत्तिरहितस्समदर्शकः ।
 लिङ्गाश्रमपरित्यागी ब्रह्मज्ञानी निगचते ॥

(4) Brahman-dwellings. – সভ্ত – anda, cosmic egg. – আন্তর্ব – ānanda, supreme bliss obtainable at the stage of realisation of the Absolute Brahman.

त्राह्मण brāhmaṇa, well-versed in Vedas, learned, a portion of the Veda.

भ

भक्ति bhakti, love, faith, devotion.

भग ¹bhaga, (**p**) combination of six great qualities. – वन् – vat, possessor of bhaga, supreme Lord.

भङ्ग bhanga, destruction.

भङ्गी bhangī, manner, method.

भद्र bhadra, good luck, auspicious.

भन bhava, becoming. - अङ्कर - ankura, sprout of worldly life.

– সঙ্গ – anga, (b) process of becoming. – সঙ্গাৰ্থন – angacitta, (b) subconsciousness.

भविष्यत् bhavişyat, (b) a form of cause.

भव्य bhavya, happiness.

भाक्त bhākta, figurative, indirect, secondary.

भाइ bhāṭṭa, followers of Bhaṭṭamata (Kumārila's school of Mīmāmsā).

भाव bhāva, existence, positive entity, idea, character, general condition or state. — কাৰ্য — kārya, positive product. — সাধ — grāma, collection of things, all things. — প্ৰাৰ্থ — padārtha, existent entity. — সংখ্যাবাৰ — anyathāvāda, (b) theory that an entity does not exist at all times.

भावना bhāvanā, mental activity, impression, understanding, habit, tendency, reminiscence; (m) injunctive power or function.

ऐश्वर्यस्य समप्रस्य वीर्यस्य यशसादिश्रयः ।
 ज्ञानवैराग्ययोश्चेत षण्णां भग इतीरणाः ।)

भाष्य bhāṣya, commentary.

भास्वर bhāsvara, brilliant.

भिक्ष bhiksu, mendicant.

भिन्न bhinna, different.

भुवन bhuvana, cosmic space, world (14 worlds).

मृत bhūta, elemental being, substance, past.

भूतादि bhūtādi, (s) name of ahankāra, individualism.

मृति bhūti, becoming.

भूमि bhūmi, (b) region, earth, stage.

भेद bheda, distinction, difference, (b) plurality, severality. – अभेद – abheda, (m) one-many, identity-in-difference.

भोक्त bhoktr, enjoyer, experiencer.

भोग bhoga, experience, enjoyment.

भोग्य bhogya, object of enjoyment.

भौतिक bhautika, pertaining to material elements.

भौम bhauma, pertaining to the earth.

স্থান bhrama, illusion. – রান – jñana, knowledge of an object mistaken for some other object.

भ्रान्ति bhrānti, delusion.

भ्रणहन् bhrūnahan, killer of fætus.

म

मत mata, system, religion, faith.

मति mati, mind, thought.

मधुनिद्या madhuvidyā, a mystical doctrine of Upanishads, so called; lit. honey science, science of sweetness—knowledge relating to the sun.

मध्यम madhyama, middle.

मध्यस्य madhyastha, unaffected by bias, neutral.

मनन manana, reflection, repeated thinking, considera

मनस् manas, mind, understanding, central organ of se - daṇḍa, control of thoughts. - मय - maya, coi of mind, mind-made. - विज्ञान - vijñāna, mental 11 ing, intellect.

मनुष्य manusya, man. - त्व - tva, humanity.

मन्त्र mantra, hymn, incantation, spiritual form पा – sāstra, linguistic occultism, science of spiritua ममकार mamakāra, sense of property.

ममता mamata, sense of I-ness.

मयूरासन mayūrāsana, a posture of the body in the yoga, one of the principal āsanas.

मल mala, taint, sin, impurity

महत् mahat, (s) cosmic intelligence. – काल – kāla, es undivided time¹, a name for Lord Siva. – प्रशान — great departure, journey to self-destruction. – э gross (great) elements. – यान – yāna, a school of — वानय – vākya, main or important passage of śri – sāddhaka, name of the Buddhist vrjin moputtakas). – सामान्य – sāmānya, grand generality genus.

महिमन् mahiman, magnification, expansiveness.

माधुर्य mādhurya, sweetness.

माध्यमिक mādhyamika, a school of philosophy maint. doctrine of Śūnyatā.

मान māna, proof, measurement.

मानस mānasa, mental. – प्रत्यक्ष – pratyakṣa, mental pe माया māyā, illusion, divine energy, phantom. – i illusionism.

1. विष्णुखरूपाख्ण्डदण्डायमानसमयः। कलनात्सर्वभृतानां महाकालः :

मारणान्तिक māraṇāntika, (j) consciousness at death.

मार्ग mārga, path, process.

माद्व mārdava, softness, sinuosity.

मित mita, measured, limited.

मिथ्या mithyā unreal. – ज्ञान – jñāna, false cognition, misconception, illusion.

मिश्रवर्ग misravarga, mixed group.

मिश्रसृष्टि miśrasṛṣṭi, mixed creation.

मीमांसा ¹mīmāmsā, investigation, discussion. उत्तर – uttara, – Vedānta philosophy of Bādarāyaṇa Vyāsa. पूर्व – pūrva, – the system of Jaimini's philosophy.

मुक्त mukta, freed, liberated (person).

मुक्ति mukti, final emancipation, liberation, salvation.

मुख mukha, face, method, entrance.

मुख्य mukhya, primary, important.

मदिता muditā, (b) joyous stage in rising from mere self.

मुनि muni, sage.

मुस् mumukṣu, one who is in search of mokṣa.

मूच्छी mūrchā, fainting.

मूर्त *mūrta*, corporeal (moveable) substance. – त्व – *tva*, bodily form.

मूर्ति mūrti, (p) image (24). – त्रय – traya, trinitarian character of God.

দূকে mūla, primary, original. – সক্তানি – prakṛti, (s) primal nature. – ৰ-ঘ – bandha, a position of the body in the practice of yoga.

 मीमांसको द्विधा कर्मब्रह्ममीमांसकः स्मृतः । बेदान्ती मन्यते ब्रह्म कर्म मह्ममाकरौ ॥ मूढ mūdha, delusive.

मृत्य mṛtyu, death.

मेघा medhā, intelligence.

मेय meya, measurable.

मैली maitri, friendship, love.

मोक्ष mokṣa, emancipation, liberation, salvation.

मोह moha, confusion, delusion.

मौन mauna, silence.

म्लेच्छ mleccha, one who does not dwell within.

य

यजुष् yajus, a class of mantras.

यज्ञपङ्कज yajñaþankaja, sacrificial lotus.

यति yati, ascetic.

यत yatna, volitional effort.

यथाभूत yathābhūta, real.

यथार्थ yathārtha, real.

যানৰ yantra, mystic diagram. – খানৰ – śāstra, theory of magical figures, designs which are the seat of invoked deities.

यम yama, penance.

याला yātrā, religious journey.

युक्तयोगिन् yutkayogin, one who is always in trance.

युक्ति yukti, reason, device, means; (n) affirmative-negative, inseparable connection.

युगपत् yugapat, simultaneously.

युञ्जानयोगिन् yuñjānayogin, one who is occasionally engaged in yoga.

यूप yūpa, sacrificial post.

योग yoga, union, concentration of mind, trance, to strive to obtain what is not previously obtained. – शस्त्र – śāstra, yoga philosophy propounded by Patañjali, theistic Sānkhya.

योगाचार yogācāra, a school of Buddhism.

योग्यता yogyatā, pre-established harmony, congruity, competence, efficiency.

শীস্মানুণকৃতিষ yogyānupalabdhi, effected non-cognition, non-cognition of what is necessarily cognisable, while being present.

यौक्तिक yauktika, arrived at by reasoning.

योगपद्य yaugapadya, simultaneous existence, simultaneity, existence together.

योगिक yaugika, formed of parts, sense derived from different parts of a word.

₹

रक्त rakta, red.

रजस् rajas, passion, energy.

रज़ rajju, rope.

रस rasa, taste, gestation.

रसना rasanā, sense of taste, gestatory sense.

रहस्यतय rahasyatraya, the three secrets of Vaisnava philosophy.

বান rāga, desire, attachment to sensual object.

राव rātra, (p) knowledge, night.

रीति riti, method.

रुचि ruci, liking, taste.

रूप rūba, form, body, colour, manifestation, nature. – राग – rāga,

- (b) desire for rebirth in the world of matter. लेक loka,
- (**b**) world of matter. स्वन्य skandha, (**b**) one of the five groups of elements.

रेचक 'recaka, emission of air, exhalation of breath. रोध rodha, obstruction.

ल

लकुलीश lakulīśa, a sect of Pāśupatas founded by ascetic Lakuli. लक्षण lakṣaṇa, definition, quality, characteristic aspect.

रक्षणा ²lakṣaṇā, derivative or indicative power of words, secondary sense.

रक्षणान्यथावाद lakṣaṇānyathāvāda, (b) theory that an entity has three times always.

लक्ष्य lakṣya, example.

लक्ष्यार्थ lakṣyārtha, secondary sense.

लिम्बिक्योग lambikayoga, a way of practising yoga consisting in the drawing up of apāna, restraint of prāṇa and fixing the tip of the tongue on the uvula.

लय alaya, dissolution, lapse, absorption, evolution.

स्व lava, one-sixth of a second.

लावव lāghava, lightness, insignificance.

लिङ्ग 'linga, mark, indication, symbol, (n) inferential, indicative, middle term, probans, subtle body, (s) Prakṛti. – देह – deha

- 1. ध्यातनासिकया प्राणायामाङ्गमुच्यमानवायुः । See प्राणायाम.
- ठक्षणा शक्यसंबन्धः ॥
 जहत्स्वार्थाजहत्स्वार्थानिरूढाधुनिकादिकाः ।
 ठक्षणा विविधास्ताभिर्ठक्षकं स्यादनेकधा ॥
 मुख्यार्थवाये तद्युक्तो ययाऽन्योऽर्थः प्रतीयते ।
 रुद्धेः प्रयोजनाद्वाऽसौ ठक्षणाशक्तिरपिता ॥
- अखण्डवस्त्वनवलम्बनेन चित्तवृत्तेर्निद्रा ।
- 4. (a) हेतुमदनित्यमव्यापि सिक्कियमनेकमाश्रितं लिङ्गम् । सावयवं परतन्तं व्यक्तं विप-रीतमव्यक्तम् ॥ Sānkhyakārikā.
 - (b) उपक्रमोपसंहारावभ्यासोऽपूर्वता फलम् । अर्थवादोपपत्ती च लिङ्गं तात्पर्यनिर्णये ॥

subtle body. – परामर्श – parāmarśa (n) subsumptive reflection of the probans. – शरीर – śarīra, body which is very subtle consisting of 17 tattvas.

তির্নিব lingin, subject of the proposition.

लीला līlā, sport.

होक loka, world, sphere. - प्रयक्ष - pratyakṣa, ordinary perception. - सिद्ध - siddha, well-recognised.

होनायतिक lokāyatika, Agnosticism, materialist philosophy taught by Cārvāka.

होकोत्तर lokottara, supermundane, extraordinary. - बादिन् - vādin, a sub-school of Buddhism.

होभ lobha, avarice, craving in the largest sense.

व

वज्रयान vajrayāna, (b) adamantine path or vehicle.

वज़ोली vajroli, one of the yoga mudras or symbols.

वधू vadhū, woman.

वन्ध्या vandhyā, barren woman.

वरण varana, (y) delusion.

वर्ण varṇa, colour, alphabet, caste. - आश्रमधर्म - āśramadharma, social observances.

वर्ष varsa, zone, year, rain.

वस्त vastu, entity, thing, object.

वहि vahni, fire.

वाक्य vākya, sentence. – शेष – seṣa, supplementary sentence. – एकवाक्य – ekavākya, formation of a total sentence out of smaller sentences. – अर्थबोध – arthabodha, sententions cognition, verbal judgment.

वाच् (क्) vāc (vāk), speech, expression. — आरम्भण — ārambhaṇa, mere expression and no more. — छल — chala, (n) a quibble.

वाचक vācaka, word expressive of the meaning. वाच्यार्थ vācyārtha, primary sense.

वात vāta, wind.

बाद ¹vāda, debate, argument, theory.

वादिन् vādin, disputant.

वानप्रस्थ vānaprastha, hermit.

वार्ता vārtā, science of professions.

वार्तिक vārtika, supplementary glossary.

वायु vāyu, air.

वासना vāsanā, latent force, sub-conscious impression, impression, reminiscence, tendency, (b) disposition.

वासित vāsita, pervaded, perfumed.

वासिन् vāsin, dwelling, dweller.

वाहन vāhana, vehicle.

विकल्प vikalpa, doubt, imagination, alternative, option, tinct impression, fictitious fabrication.

विकार vikāra, change, transformation, evolved matter, – विरह – viraha, changelessness.

विकास vikāsa, expansion.

विकृति vikṛti, change, modification, (m) a kind of sacrific

विश्लेप vikṣepa, projection, distraction, reflection in gr subtle bodies. – शक्ति – śakti, power of giving ris variety of objects.

विम्रह vigraha, dispute, analysis of compound words.

विचय vicaya, inquiry, analysis.

विचार vicāra, inquiry, applied thought, discussion, tho consideration

1. प्रमाणतर्कसाधनोपालम्भः सिद्धान्ताविरुद्धः पञ्चावयवोपपन्नः पक्षप्रति इदः । Gautamasūtra. विजया vijayā, (b) a stage of progress in Buddhist philosophy.

विज्ञान vijñāna, knowledge, thought, consciousness, mental act or process, individualistic cognition, inherent comprehension of mental phenomena, mind in special connection with sense-cognition. – चन – ghana, all-conscious. – मयकोश – mayakośa, sheath made of intelligence. – नाद – ¹vāda, a system of Buddhist philosophy, thought-system. – स्कन्ध – skandha, (b) consciousness-group. – स्थिति – sthiti, (b) resting place for consciousness.

বিনত্তা ²vitaṇḍā, (n) wrangling, fallacious controversy, a kind of vāda.

वितथ vitatha, false, unreal.

विदेहमुक्ति videhamukti, (v) salvation attained at the time of bodily death as opposed to jivanmukti.

वितर्क vitarka, deliberation, perverse argument or consideration.

वितान vitāna, magical awning.

विद्या vidyā, higher knowledge, science.

विद्युत् vidyut, lightning.

विद्वद्नुभव vidvadanubhava, mystic intuition, experience of the learned.

विधान vidhāna, prescription.

বিঘি vidhi, (m) mandate, injunction, mandatory text; (m) vedic injunction, niyoga.

विधेय vidheya, predicate.

विनय vinaya, disciplinary regulation.

विनाश vināsa, destruction.

विनाशिन् vināsin, destructible.

- 1. See क्षणिकविज्ञानवाद. It teaches that nothing exists except thought.
- 2. स्वपक्षस्थापनाहीनः परपक्षव्युदासः ।

निपक्ष 'vipakṣa, (n) not having the same characteristic a minor term (subject), heteralogue, counter-example. — vyāvṛtta, (n) absence of the indicative where the bandum is known to be absent.

विपाक vipāka, fruition, effect.

विपरीतख्याति viparitakhyāti, contrary experience.

विपर्यय viparyaya, opposite, perverse, converse.

विपयीस viparyāsa, misconception, error.

विप्रतिपत्ति vipratipatti, doubt, diversity of opinion, misa hension.

निमन vibhava, (p) manifestation, evolution. – तृष्णा – desire for well-being.

विभाग vibhāga, division, disjunction.

विमु vibhu, all-pervasive, omnipresent. – त्व – tva, omn sence.

विभूति vibhūti, (p) manifestation.

विमत्यधिकरण vimatyadhikarana, a theme under dispute.

विमर्द vimarda, suppression.

विमला vimalā, pure, a stage in Buddhist philosophy.

विमुक्ति vimukti, release. - सुख - sukha, (b) bliss of release.

वियोग viyoga, disjunction, discorrelation, separation.

विरति virati, cessation, abstinence.

विरल virala, broken by intervals.

विराग virāga, non-attachment.

विराद् virāt, cosmos.

विरुद्ध viruddha, opposite, reverse, contradictory, (n) adver bans or reason.

1. सपक्षः साध्यवान् , विपक्षः साध्याभाववान् ।

virūpa, dissimilar.

virodha, contradiction.

vivarana, explanation.

vivāda, dispute. - पद - pada, matter under dispute.

II vividisā, desire to know.

vivarta modification, conversion. – বাব – vāda, illusoryppearance theory.

viveka, discrimination. – स्याति – khyāti, (b) discriminate liscernment.

viśaya, doubt, one of the five components of adhikarana.

 $i\dot{s}va$, universe, (\mathbf{v}) name given to jiva in the state of vaking.

viśiṣṭa, distinct, qualified. – प्रतीति – pratīti, determinate ognition. – अहते –advaita, qualified monism of Rāmānuja, Advaita but with a distinction.

viśeṣa, (n) particularity, ultimate individuality, one of the ategories in nyāya, difference. – যুগ – guṇa, specific quaity.

I viśeṣaṇa, attribute, adjective, qualifying adjunct.

ইব viśeṣādvaita, Advaita of a special kind or variety viśeṣa), Śrīpati's theory of Vedānta.¹

viśesya, substantive.

viṣama, dissimilar, opposite.

vișaja, subject or topic, proper recipient, object.

[] vişayitā, subjectness.

I viṣayin, that to which the object refers, subject. viṣṭara, seat.

visvac, all-pervading, going or being everywhere.

Śrīpati calls it भेदाभेदात्मकविशेषाद्वैत.

विहङ्गमार्ग vihangamārga, (v) one of the two ways of attaining mukti.

वीरासन vīrāsana, one of the principal postures in the practice of yoga.

वीर्य virya, prowess, might.

वृक्ष vṛkṣa, tree.

वृत्ति vrtti, operation, condition, sense, quality, sustenance, expressive force, glossary. – ज्ञान – jñāna, knowledge arising from an operation of inner organ.

वृद्धि vṛddhi, growth.

वेग vega, velocity, speed.

वेद veda, self-authoritative and most sacred texts of the Hindus.

वेदना vedanā, feeling, suffering, act of knowing, torment.

वेदान्त vedānta, the system of philosophy propounded by Bādarāyaņa Vyāsa, end of the Vedas.

वैदि vedi, sacred altar.

वैकुण्ड vaikuṇṭha, (p) highest heaven.

वैकृत vaikṛta, secondary, transformed.

वैतण्डिक vaitaṇḍika, wrangler.

वैधर्म्य vaidharmya, dissimilarity, heterogeneity.

वैनाशिक vaināśika, destructionist.

वैयधिकरण्य vaiyadhikaranya, being in different case-relations.

वैयर्थ्य vaiyarthya, uselessness.

वैयाकरण vaiyākaraņa, grammarian.

वैराग्य vairāgya, indifference towards sense objects.

वैशेषिक vaišeṣika, the system of philosophy propounded by Kaṇāda.

वैष्णव vaiṣṇava, pertaining to Viṣṇu, same as Pañcaratra.

क vyakta, manifested world.

के vyakti, manifestation, individual.

রক vyañjaka, manifesting, phenomenalising.

সিনা 'vyanjanā, phenomenal form, suggestive power of words,
(b) form of cause.

ति vyatireka, (n) negative premise. – हमान – dṛṣṭānta, (n) negative example. – व्याप्ति – vyāpti, (n) negative concomitance, negative generalization. – महत्तार – sahacāra, concomitance of negation.

भिकरण vyadhikarana, relating to a different subject.

भिचार vyabhicāra, want of correspondence, wrong deviation. deviation, (n) too wide, pervasive, tautology.

भिचारित vyabhicāritva, variability, changeability.

ર્થ vyartha, useless.

वच्छेद vyavaccheda, (n) differentiation.

वधान vyavadhāna, intervention, separation.

विधि vyavadhi, intervening space.

वसाय vvavasāva, determination.

वस्थापन vyavasthāpana, determinant, deciding.

विश्वाप्य vyavasthāpya, determinable.

বিহাৰ vyavahāra, designation, investigation, transaction, convention, parlance.

ष्टि vyașți, microcosm. - सृष्टि - sṛṣṭi, individual creation.

ासन vyasana, longing.

ाकरण vyākaraṇa, (b) formal prophecy, grammar.

াকুর vyākṛta, manifest, explained.

गाल्यान vyākhyāna, comment, interpretation.

 विरतास्विभिधाद्यासु ययाऽर्थों बोध्यतेऽपरः । सा वृत्तिर्व्यञ्जना नाम शब्दस्यार्थोदिकस्य च ॥ च्याघात vyāghāta, (n) contradiction, destruction.

च्यान ¹vyāna, one of the five vital vāyus (air).

व्यापक vyāpaka, all-pervading, pervading. — त्व – tva, being all-pervading.

च्यात vyāpta, pervaded, comprehended.

व्याति ²vyāpti, (**n**) invariable concomitance, pervasion. – ज्ञान – jñāna, (**n**) knowledge of relation.

व्याप्यत्वासिद्ध vyāpyatvāsiddha, unestablished in respect of its concomitance.

व्याप्यवृत्ति vyāpyavṛtti, pervasive.

ह्यापार vyāpāra, functional activity, operation, activity, functioning, intermediate cause.

व्यावर्तक vyāvartaka, differentiating feature.

च्यावहारिक vyāvahārika, relative, colloquial, conventional, real for the purpose of human parlance.

न्यावृत्ति vyāvṛtti, absolute exclusion, non-existence of the sign, exclusion.

व्यासज्यवृत्ति vyāsajyavṛtti, partially contained.

ज्यासंज्ञा vyāsañjñā, partially out of relation.

व्युलिति vyutpatti, learning.

ह्यृह vyūha, (p) group, arrays of two (three) in incarnation.

ट्यूहान्तर vyūhāntara, (p) sub-vyūhas.

- 1. विष्वगगमनवान् अखिलशरीरवर्तीं वायुः।
- साध्यवदन्यावृत्तित्वम् ।
 व्याप्तिस्साध्यवदन्यस्मिन्नसम्बन्ध उदाहतः ।
 अथवा हेतुमिन्नष्टिविरहाशितयोगिना ।
 साध्येन हेतोरैकाधिकरण्यं व्याप्तिरुच्यते ।
 द्वैविध्यं त भवेद्याप्तेरन्वयव्यतिरेकतः ॥

রব vrata, religious act of devotion, vow.

त्रीहि vrīhi, grain.

হা

হাক śakta, having significatory power, capable.

হাক্য śakya, sense derived from the primary function of a word, possible.

शक्ति śakti, significatory power, faculty, power, potency, female energy. — मह — graha, learning of the significatory power.

- नियम - niyama, (8) restriction of potencies (causes).

– गर्द – $v\bar{a}da$, the Naiyāyika theory of power of expression of words.

হাত্রা śankā, doubt.

হাৰত śabala, variegated, coloured.

शब्द śabda, word, sound, revelation, verbal proof. — अर्थ — artha, the word and its object. — तन्मान — tanmātra, subtle sound. — प्रमाण — pramāṇa, verbal source of knowledge. — बहार — brahman, word, sound, Brahman. — वृत्ति — vṛtti, significative power.

श्राणागित saranāgati, self-surrender, seeking succour.

शरीर sarīra, body. - त्रय - traya, three-fold physical body.

शशिन् śaśin, moon.

शाक्य śākya, people of Śaka clan, Buddhist.

शाखा śākhā, branch, school.

হাাট śāṭa, (j) complete removing of action.

शान्त santa, quiescent, tranquil. - उदित - udita, (p) occasionally manifest.

शारीरकमीमांसा 'sarirakamimamsa, enquiry on the spiritual subject: soul, etc.

So named after śārīra, which is the human individual soul.

शाञ्द śābda, verbal. – ज्ञान – jñāna, verbal cognition. – जोध – bodha, verbal cognition.

शाब्दी भावना sabdibhavana, (m) verbal injunction.

হান্তি śāstra, science, scripture. – आमास – ābhāsa, fallacious system.

शास्त्र śāstṛ, ruler, spiritual teacher.

शिक्षा sikṣā, teaching, one of the six angas of the veda.

शिल्प śilpa, art.

হীষ্ট śiṣṭa, true observer of the vedic rituals. – आचार – ācāra, doings of the above.

शिप्य śiṣya, pupil.

शीत sīta, cold.

शुक्ति śukti, nacre, pearl-shell, conch-shell.

যুক্ত śukla, white.

शुचि śuci, clean, pure.

गुद्ध śuddha, pure. – तस्त्र – tattva, (p) pure matter. – वर्ग – varga, pure group. – अद्वेत – advaita, pure monism.

शुभ śubha, auspicious.

शून्य śūnya, void. – बाद – vāda, the theory of relativity of Bud-dhists.

रोष seșa, remainder, (m) anga.

रोषिन् śeșin, whole ; (m) angin.

शैव saiva, worshipper of God Śiva.

शोक śoka, sorrow.

इयाम syāma, black.

श्रद्धा sraddhā interest, faith. - शास - sāstra, religion of faith.

श्रमण śramaṇa, Buddhist monk.

श्रमभूमि śramabhūmi, (b) stage of effort.

iravaṇa, auditory organ, ear, hearing, learning by hearing. $r\bar{a}ddha$, annual obsequy.

i, fortune, wealth, beauty.

uta, learning, heard. – अथोपत्ति – arthāpatti, implication lerived from what is heard.

ruti, revealed texts, veda.

śreyas, welfare.

śrotra, organ of hearing.

śloka, verse.

R śvetāmbara, a sect of Jainas.

ष

5 'satsthala, six kinds of upāsana of linga according to Śripati.

न sadāyatana, (b) six organs of sensation.

स

samjñā, name, ideation, perception.

samyama, constraint.

samyukta, joined together, related (elements). – अद्वेत – advaita, same as Viśiṣṭādvaita.

I samyoga, union, contact, (n) conjunction.

; samvāda, union, agreement, resemblance.

ते samvitti, cognition, knowledge, feeling.

. श्रवणमननविश्विष्टज्ञानानुगतनिदिध्यासनात् षट्स्थलपरमशिवसाक्षात्कारे तादात्म्यं गरणं निर्दिश्यते ।

According to Śrīpati, Ṣatsthala is the connecting link between the an aud Brahman. The Ātman attains Brahmatva by jñāna and jñāna is ined by draṣṭavya (closely examining the truth), śrotavya (by hearing the is by upadeśa), mantavya (by meditation), and nididhyāsitavya (by firm entration). If jñāna is obtained in this manner, the result is that Jiva mes Śambhu.

संवृत samvrta, subjective. – सल – satya, empirical reality, (५) conventional truth.

संवृति samvṛti, (b) empirical truth.

संशय samsaya, doubt.

संसर्ग samsarga, contact, coherance. – अध्यास – adhyāsa, (v) identification of self with the inner organ by juxtaposition.

संसार samsāra, material or temporal life, cycle of birth and rebirth, transmigration, bondage of self, phenomenal world.

संस्कार samskāra, (n) embellishment, perfection, momentum, reminiscent impression or subliminal impression; (b) latent disposition, action.

संस्कृत samskṛta, refined, combined.

संस्थान samsthāna, configuration.

संहत samhata, combined.

संहार samhara, destruction, withdrawal.

संहिता samhitā, cardinal teaching, collective, narrative.

सकम्पप्रतृति sakampapravṛtti, tremulous or halting or hesitating effect.

सकल sakala, all.

सकाम ⁸akāma, desirous.

सगुण saguna, determinate, qualified, dualistic.

संक्षेप sankşepa, summary.

सङ्गर sankara, mixing.

सङ्गल sankalpa, purposing, determination, resolve, will to be, imagination.

संकुचित sankucita, shortened.

सङ्कत sanketa, indication, convention. – मनस्कार – manaskāra, conventional conception.

सङ्गोच sankoca, contraction, restriction, limitation.

संक्रान्ति sankrānti, union, passing over. - बादिन् - vādin, a school of Buddhists.

सङ्ख्या sankhyā, number, knowledge.

सङ्गति sangati, relevancy, unison.

संग्रह sangraha, compilation, compendium.

सङ्घ saingha, group, society.

सङ्घात sainghāta, combination, whole, aggregate.

सचिदानन्द ¹saccidānanda, existence-knowledge-bliss.

सजातीय sajātīya, of the same quality.

सञ्चित sancita, accumulated (karma).

सत् sat, being, existence, real, existent. $- कार्य - k\bar{a}rya$, effect pre-existent in cause. $- वाद - v\bar{a}da$ (8) theory of effect existing in the cause. $- रूपाति - khy\bar{a}ti$, an illusory perception of a thing at a time and place where it really is not, such as the perception of a snake in rope where it is not. - प्रति. पक्ष - pratipakṣa, (n) opposable reason.

सत्ता sattā, existence, being. – समनाय – samavāya, inherent existence.

संस्थ sattva, goodness, harmony; (s) one of the three gunas, a living being. — लाग — $ty\bar{a}ga$, (s) abandonment of existence.

सत्य satya, reality. – काम – kāma, lover of truth. – छोक – loka, heaven of truth, abode of Brahmā. – वाद – vāda, truism. – सङ्कल्प – sankalþa, unfailing mental resolve.

सद्सद्दात्मक sadasadātmaka, both is and is-not; it is as it self; it is not as itself.

सदाचार sadācāra, see शिष्टाचार.

सद्योमुक्ति sadyomukti, immediate absolution.

I. निस्रज्ञानसुखस्वरूपं ब्रह्म ।

सद्गारिका sadvārikā, mediate. – मृष्टि – sṛṣṭi, mediate creation. सद्भेतु saddhetu, (n) valid probans.

सन्तति santati, continuity, progeny.

सन्तान santāna, serial order, continuity, progeny, series.

सन्तानिन् santānin, unit in the serial number.

सन्तोष santoșa, pleasure.

सन्दिग्ध sandigdha, (v) uncertain, doubtful, doubtful probans.

सन्ध्योपासन sandhyopāsana, prayers morning and evening.

सन्निकर्ष sannikarṣa, relation, contact.

सन्निधि sannidhi, proximity.

सन्निपातिन् sannipātin, (m) a kind of auxiliary.

सन्न्यास sannyāsa, renunciation, asceticism.

सन्न्यासिन् sannyāsin, mendicant.

सपक्ष sapakṣa, similar instance, homologue. – सच्च – sattva, (presence of the indicative where the probandum is knov to be present.

समस्य samatva, equality, resemblance, (n) parity.

समनन्तर samanantara, immediately contiguous. – प्रस्य – praty ya, (b) a type of causal relation.

समनियत samaniyata, invariable concomitant.

समन्वय samanvaya, mutual connection, sequence.

समभिन्याहार samabhivyāhāra, verbal context.

समय samaya, time, moment, opportunity.

समवाय ¹samavāya, (n) inherence.

 द्रव्यादीनां कपालादौ द्रव्येषु गुणकर्मणोः । तेषु जातेश्च संबन्धः समवायः प्रकीर्तितः ॥ समवायिन samavāyin, constitutive. - कारण - kāraṇa, (n) constitutive or inherent or intimate cause.

समवेत samaveta, intimately united.

समष्टि samaşti, totality, microcosm, generality. maeversm

समाधान samādhāna, reply.

समाधि samādhi, trance, (y) last stage of Rāja yoga (embracing dhyāna), concentration.

समान ¹samāna, a kind of vāyu (air). – अधिकरण – adhikaraṇa, coexistent. – अभिहार – abhihāra, blending of similar things.

समापत्ति samāpatti, state of balance.

समास samāsa, brief, compound of words.

समारोप samāropa, imposition, doubt, misconception.

समाहार samāhāra, collocation.

समुचय samuccaya, aggregations; (v) the doctrine of combination of 'work and knowledge' accepted by Rāmānuja etc.

समृत्याद samutpāda, origination, causation.

समुदाय samudāya, group, collection.

समृह samūha, multitude, mass, collection. - आलम्बन - ālambana, group-cognition.

सम्पत्ति sampatti, successful realisation, attainment.

सम्प्रज्ञा samprajñā, self-possession.

सम्प्रज्ञात samprajñāta, (y) a kind of samādhi.

सम्प्रतिपत्ति sampratipatti, comprehension, consensus.

सम्प्रयुक्त samprayukta, (b) united (cause).

सम्बन्ध sambandha, relation, connection, a form of cause. सम्बोधन sambodhana, addressing.

1. হাरीरमध्यगतोऽशितपीतान्नादिसमीकरणकरः वायुः ॥

सम्भव sambhava, (n) happening, probability, deduction.

सम्भेद sambheda, connection.

सम्भोगकाय sambhogakāya, body of bliss.

सम्यग्ज्ञान samyagjñāna, true knowledge.

सर्पविद्या sarpavidyā, snake-lore.

सरूप sarūpa, similar.

सर्गे sarga, generation, creation, beginning.

सर्व sarva, all, everything. – आत्मन् – ātman, omnipresent. – भूत – bhūta, all-supporting. – न्यापक – vyāpaka, all-pervading. – न्यापिन् – vyapin, all-pervading.

सर्वज्ञ sarvajña, omniscient. - त्व - tva, omniscience.

सर्वत्रग sarvatraga, omnipresent.

सर्वास्तिवादिन् sarvāstivādin, a school of Buddhist philosophers also called Vaibhāṣikas.

सविकल्पक savikalpaka, differentiated, conceptual, determinate, mediate. – ज्ञान – jñāna, (m) conceptional perception, determinate perception.

सन्यभिचार savyabhicāra, (n) inconclusive or straying (reason).

सहकार sahakāra, acting jointly.

सहमृहेतु sahabhūhetu, (b) co-operative cause.

सहेतुकविनाश sahetukavināśa, caused destruction.

सहोक्ति sahokti, (b) togetherness, associated reference, joint mention.

सहोपलम्भ sahopalambha, (b) invariable association, joint perception.

सांसिद्धिक sāmsiddhika, natural.

साकारवादिन् sākāravādin, system of thought which holds that consciousness assumes a form in the process of cognition. साङ्क्ष्ये sānkarya, mixture, promiscuity.

साक्षात्कार sākṣātkāra, direct perception, sight of God.

साङ्ख्य sānkhya, one of the six systems of Indian philosophy.

सात्त्विक sāttvika, a thing characterised by sattva (goodness).

साहश्य sādṛśya, similarity, likeness.

साधन sādhana, instrument, means, equipment, inferrant, accomplishment. – चतुष्टय – catuṣṭaya, four qualifications for Brahmavidyā.

साधर्म्थ sādharmya, similarity.

साधारण्य sādhāranya, equipoise, common, general.

सायुमती sādhumatī, (b) good thought, a stage in Buddhist philosophy.

साध्य sādhya, (n) probandum, major term. – विकल – vikala, (n) devoid of the probandum. – साधनधर्म – sādhanadharma, objective of the probans and the probandum.

सानन्द sānanda, (y) a kind of samādhi.

सान्त santa, having an end.

सापेक्षत्व sāpekṣatva, state of dependence.

सामग्री sāmagrī, apparatus, whole causal apparatus.

सामियकाभाव sāmayikābhāva, temporary non-existence.

सामर्थ्य sāmarthya, vitality, capability.

सामानाधिकरण्य sāmānādhikaranya, being in apposition, co-existence.

सीमान्य sāmānya, (n) universal, generality, genus. — छल — chala, (n) general causistry. — विशेष — viśeṣa, generic differentia. — विशेषसपुदाय — viśeṣasamudāya, aggregate of generic and particular qualities.

सामान्यतोद्दष्ट sāmānyatodṛṣṭa, (m) one of the two kinds of anumāna.

साम्य sāmya, equipoise, likeness.

स्याद्वाद syādvāda, (j) assertion of possibility and non-possibility of things; agnostic doctrine of the Jainas.

ख sva, property, own.

स्त्रतन्त्र svatantra, uncontrolled, free, self-sufficient, independent, free to act.

स्वतोग्राह्य svatogrāhya, intrinsically comprehensible.

स्वतोजन्य svatojanya, intrinsically producible.

स्वतोन्यावर्तक svatovyāvartaka, self-discriminating.

स्वतोच्यावृत्त svatovyāvṛtta, self-differentiated.

स्वतः प्रामाण्य svatafprāmānya, (m) theory of self-evidence.

स्त्रम svapna, dream. — जामत् — jāgrat, waking state within the dreaming state. — মুদুদ্বি — suṣupti, state of deep sleep within a state of dream. — स्त्र — svapna, perfectly dreaming state.

स्वप्रकाश svaprakāsa, self radiant, self-luminous.

स्वभाव svabhāva, character. - भिन्न - bhinna, naturally divided.

स्वर svara, Vedic accent, voice.

स्वरूप svarūpa, own form, essential attribute. – सम्बन्ध – samban-dha, self-relation, self-linking. – असिद्ध – asiddha, (n) unestablished in respect of itself.

स्वर्ग svarga, region of heaven.

स्वरोंक svarloka, heaven.

स्वरुक्षण svalakṣaṇa, distinct character. – आत्मा – ātmā, (v) specific individuality.

स्ववचनविरोध svavacanavirodha, self-contradiction.

स्वसन्तान svasantāna, (b) one's self.

स्वसंवित्ति svasamvitti, self-cognition.

A GLOSSARY

हेति	heti, weapon.
हेय	heya, rejectable.
होतृ	hotr, sacrificer, one of the performers of the sacrifice.
होम	homa, sacrifice.
ह्स्व	hrasva, short.
ह्यस	hrāsa, shortening.
ह्राद	hlāda, bliss, pleasure.

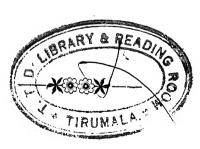
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समाप्ता





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स्वसंवेदन svasamvedana, self-cognition.

स्वातन्त्र्य svātantrya, liberty of action.

स्वाध्याय svādhyāya, study of the Vedas.

स्वामाविक svābhāvika, natural, essential.

स्वामिन् svāmin, lord, master.

स्वार्थ svārtha, one's own benefit. – अनुमान – anumāna, (n) infer ence for one's own benefit.

स्वालक्षण्य svālakṣaṇya, definite character of a thing.

स्वेतरमेद svetarabheda, difference from the rest.

स्वेद sveda, heat, sweat.

स्वेदज svedaja, produced from sweat.

ह

हंस hamsa, swan, Brahman, prāṇa, a kind of sannyāsin.

हरित harita, green.

हान hāna, rejection, escape.

हिंसा himsā, violence.

होन hina, bereft. - यान - yana, a school of Buddhism.

हेत्र hetu, (v) cause, probans, reason, valid reason, middle term.
- उपनिबन्ध - upanibandha, causal series. - आभास - ¹ābhāsa,
(n) fallacious reason, semblance of reason, defective

probans.

हृद्य hṛdaya, heart. – प्रनिथ – granthi, knot of the heart, ignorance rooted like a knot.

1. हेतुदोषः पञ्चविधः --

अनेकान्तो विरुद्धश्वाप्यसिद्धः प्रतिपक्षतः । कालाखयापदिष्टश्च हेत्वाभासस्तु पञ्चधा ॥

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